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# The Times



XVIII YEAR.

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LOS ANGELES

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 29, 1899.

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## TURNED TAIL.

Filipinos Flee from the Nebraska Men.

Attack Made by the Natives at Marilao Bridge.

They are Flanked and Routed by the Westerners.

## FIVE AMERICANS ARE KILLED

Monadnock Shells Las Pilas With Good Effect.

Scatters the Enemy, Who Used Her for a Target.

Gen. MacArthur's Forces Rest at the Marilao River.

## THEN MARCH UPON MALOLOS.

Opportunity Afforded for a Needed Rest—Town of Bulacan Burned. Advance Upon Malolos to Soon be Made—Aguinaldo Moving.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, March 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Herald's Manila special says it is probable that Aguinaldo will abandon Malolos as the capital and move his government to San Fernando. The monitor Monadnock shelled Las Pilas, near Paranaque, today, and scattered the rebel force there. The rebels have been firing on the monitor from there, and it was necessary to disperse them.

The rebels have burned the city of Bulacan, knowing its fall was inevitable. Admiral Dewey's marines are in charge of Malabon.

The rebels attacked MacArthur's right at Marilao bridge this morning and tried to drive the Third Artillery from its position. The Montanas and Kansans moved up to its relief, and the Nebraskans protected by woods, flanked the enemy. The latter were advancing in deployed skirmish line in true military style, but when the Nebraskans appeared they fled. The Nebraskans chased them a mile and a half.

The Kansans had two killed and one wounded. The Third Artillery, three killed and two wounded, and the Montanas had six wounded. The American force still rests at Marilao.

## WAITING FOR BRIDGES.

This Gives the Americans Time to Prepare for Malolos.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] NEW YORK, March 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Sun's Manila cablegram, time 8:35 p.m., says the insurgents in their retreat from Marilao yesterday destroyed the bridge across the Marilao River, and this has had the effect of temporarily checking Gen. MacArthur's division, which crossed the river on light pontoons, but is now compelled to wait for engineers to throw heavier pontoons across the stream to allow the passage of artillery and supplies. The main body of the American army, in consequence, made only a slight advance today.

MacArthur's advance guard, which was in the vicinity of Bulacan yesterday, reported that the enemy had been partly routed by town, and that no large force of rebels had been seen. It was thought likely, however, that the Filipinos were concealing themselves in order to deceive the Americans as to their strength. Army gunboats Laguna de Bay and Napidan proceeded up the Bulacan River today, shelling the jungle on both sides of the stream. Their fire was very effective in disclosing the whereabouts of the enemy, who sustained heavy losses. Three of the men on the Laguna de Bay were wounded by the rebel rifle men on shore. The fire of the gunboats cleared the country on both sides of the river. The Filipinos around Bulacan have received reinforcements from Malolos.

The large number of our wounded in the fighting of the last three days has made necessary the erection of tents for hospital purposes in addition to the general hospital. The surgeons are doing admirable work. Five surgeons from Admiral Dewey's fleet are still aiding the army surgeons.

Delay in getting the artillery across the Marilao River gave our men a chance to get a little needed rest. The spirits of the troops are still high, and they are eager for further fighting. They suffer somewhat from the extreme heat. The railway, which was



Generals in command during the forward movement around Malabon and toward Malolos.

damaged by the insurgents, has been repaired to Marilao, and supplies for the army are now being forwarded without difficulty. The necessary pontoons will, it is thought, be brought up to Marilao by this means.

The gunboat Yorktown, which is doing excellent work in preventing the smuggling of arms and provisions to the rebels, has seized the steamer Mindora in the Gulf of Lingayen on suspicion that she was engaged in a filibustering expedition.

The captured gunboat Manila has seized two large boats belonging to the insurgents in North Bay. Both boats were loaded with provisions and, in addition, had on board a considerable sum of money.

## WHAT FILIPINOS WANT.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, March 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Sun's London special says the London agent of the Filipinos has gone to Paris with Losada, one of the recently-arrived representatives of Aguinaldo, to confer with Agoncillo. Previous to his departure, the agent said that Aguinaldo was willing to accept autonomy similar to that of the British native Indian States, which are nominally self-governed under British control.

The religious title question, he said, was one of the principal incentives to rebellion of Filipinos, who believe that the Americans will confirm and approve the Spanish monks' system of squeezing contributions out of the peasantry. The Filipinos, he added, were willing to negotiate terms of surrender with Admiral Dewey, but never with Gen. Otis.

## ANOTHER ADVANCE TODAY.

American Army Expects to Take Possession of Bocave.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MANILA, March 28, 9 p.m.—[By Manila Cable.] The engineers are repairing bridges, the rebels having failed to destroy the iron work, and the railroad is kept busy hurrying supplies to the front. The country to Malolos is level, with occasional streams and patches of wood, but there are no more jungles.

The American troops will advance at daylight, taking four days' rations with them and having 200 rounds of ammunition in their belts. They expect to take Bocave, on the railroad to the east of Bulacan, tomorrow. It is a difficult position, protected by streams. The American line is about twelve hundred yards from that of the rebels. Desultory shots were exchanged today.

The American reports show that twenty men were killed and sixty-one wounded on our side yesterday. The Dakota regiment lost ten men killed and had thirty-seven wounded.

According to prisoners in the hands of the Americans, Aguinaldo's generals, Garcia, Tofreo and Pacheco, were with the Filipino army yesterday, and drove their followers into the first aggressive demonstrations. The rebels attempted to charge across the plain east of the railroad, but the Americans charged to meet them, and the Filipinos bolted after a few shots, leaving several men killed on the field. The Filipino prisoners further declare that the rebels have lost all taste for fighting, and that their officers have to keep them in line by beating them with swords.

One of the most brilliant and costly achievements of the campaign was the charge of Maj. Howard's battalion across the river. Advancing at the double-quick, they found the river beneath them, and splashed across with a yell, swimming and wading, with bullets splattering in the water, and rushed upon the rebel trenches. Ten

men were killed and eleven were wounded in the charge.

At the capture of Marilao there were several incidents showing the bravery of our troops. Some Filipinos were entrenched on an island in a bend of the river. The Americans approached in a triangular formation, with the Third Artillery in the apex, and the Kansas and Pennsylvania regiments forming the sides. Col. Fuston called for volunteers to swim the river. Two men crossed under fire and secured material with which a crossing was eventually effected. Maj. Bell of Gen. MacArthur's staff, with Co. F, Pennsylvania Regiment, and Lieut. Abernathy and ten men engaged in similar exploits.

After the Filipinos had raised the white flag, many of them attempted to run, and several were shot for so doing. In the church yard of Marilao the Americans found thirty newly-made graves of Filipinos, and a dozen bodies were seen floating down the river with gruesome wounds. Many huts are smoking ruins, having been burned by their inhabitants. The Americans are not burning any buildings. Our troops captured four Spaniards, who were fighting with the insurgents.

Gen. MacArthur was under a heavy fire yesterday. The prisoners say Aguinaldo has declared that if the Americans can take the Filipino capital he will surrender.

## DEPARTMENTAL VIEWS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 28.—There was a lull today in the reports from the scene of action north of Manila, which for a time was rather mystifying to the War Department authorities. Only

one dispatch was received from Gen. Otis during the day dealing with the situation at the front, and this related to yesterday afternoon. It was not until the Associated Press dispatch came late in the day telling that the American forces were resting beyond Marilao that Gen. Otis's silence on today's fighting was explained.

After the arduous work of the three days' fighting under a furious tropical sun, through rice swamps and jungles, it was expected by the authorities here that MacArthur would conserve the energies of his men by a halt long enough to rest and take supplies before the final blow against Malolos, the insurgent capital. The supply trains are well up with the troops, according to Otis's report today, so that the rest permits full supplies of ammunition and food to be distributed.

The American advance line is now beyond Marilao and almost up to the large town of Bulacan. The exact distance to Malolos is uncertain, owing to the lack of information as to just where they are resting, but at most the distance cannot be more than ten or twelve miles on a direct line along the railway. At the rate of progress made in the last two days, the next twenty-four hours should bring the American force well up to the insurgent capital, if, indeed, the assault upon that place is not begun by this time. The officials are disposed to allow more time, however, considering the natural obstacles of unfathomable rivers and burned bridges, together with the successive lines of rebel entrenchments. And, moreover, as at Santiago, it is not doubted that the entrenchments

(CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.)

## Points of the News in Today's Times.

[THE BUDGET—This morning's fresh telegraphic budget, received since dark last night, includes the principal Associated Press (or night) report, many exclusive Times dispatches, making about 16 columns. In addition is a day report, of about 10 columns—the whole making a mass of wired news aggregating the large volume of 26 columns. A summary of both telegraphic and local news follows:]

## The City—Pages 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 16.

Sale of the Mount Lowe Railway to a syndicate....The Truman diamond case again in court....Police Commission warns an offender again....Pasadena man falls among thieves....Bethel and Mrs. Peaslee held for trial. Library row subsides....One new case of smallpox....Tunnel right-of-way to be condemned....Members of State Health Board in town....Los Angeles boys in Manila....Bulona suicide identified....Council decides Broadway paving proposition.

## General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

Rebels routed by the Nebraskans. Cuban Assembly envoys out for money. Prof. Small shocks Methodist preachers....Wind on a tear in Alabama and Georgia....Testimony of Eagan and Davis at variance....President back to the capital....Meeting of Central Council of National Sound Money League....White men shot by negro miners....Rate war petering out....Dakota boys defeat Aguinaldo's famed troops....Men who shed their blood for the old flag....John Sherman landed at Hampton Roads, better....Finding bodies of more fire victims....Naval officers sure to be advanced....Young Kansas farmer lynched....Railway accident in Kansas....Chicago editor who left property and a will....Indians defy the government....Bulgaria at Plymouth....Fire and panic in a church. Characteristics of Filipino fighters. Good experience for the army in Philippines....New York's underground railroad system.

## Southern California—Page 15.

Woman's parliament to meet in Pasadena....Cold-blooded murder in San Diego....Plenty of water at Anaheim....Horse trader convicted of passing bad money at Santa Ana....Orange county Teachers' Institute....Trouble getting a jury to try a blind pig at Redlands....Grading begun on the gap above Santa Barbara....Teachers' institute at Riverside and San Bernardino.

## Pacific Coast—Page 4.

Bills signed by Gov. Gage....Trains collide in Arizona....New Hope flood still serious....Rain falling at various points....Patents granted to Californians....Seven transports coming back. Horses burned in a carat Needles....Casin walked over a cliff to death....Hawaiian advices....Weather and crops.

## Financial and Commercial—Page 14.

Shares and money at New York....Chicago grain and provision market....Treasury statement....Live stock sales at Chicago and Kansas City....Boston stocks and bonds....San Francisco markets....Coast mining stocks.

## By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Inhabitants of Negro Island attack Americans....America's reply to a German appeal....Troops in the Philippines suffering from heat....Projectors of the new Cuban party discouraged. Gen. Miller's birthday....Jamaica taxed to death....American warship's crews engage in rioting....German paper reproaches Joseph Chamberlain.

## OUT FOR STUFF

Cuban Assembly Envoys in Washington.

Will Ask Ten Million Dollars to Pay the Army,

And Will Take as Much More as They Can Get.

No Official Recognition Can Be Accorded the Visitors—President McKinley Will Receive Them as Everyday Citizens.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Senators José R. Villalon and A. Heva, who were appointed by the Cuban assembly to present to the Washington authorities the resolutions of that body, have arrived in this city. Their mission in addition to the presentation of the resolutions is to explain in detail the situation with reference to the insurgent army.

While the assembly did not reject the \$3,000,000 which Gen. Gomez arranged with Robert P. Porter to receive and pay off the Cuban troops, they believed it to be entirely inadequate to meet the situation. They desired at least \$10,000,000, and as much more as can be obtained.

Senor Villalon and his colleagues will probably seek an audience with the President himself, and if this is denied, then they will see the Secretary of War. If the President receives these gentlemen it will be as visiting citizens, not in their representative capacity. No such recognition will be accorded them. If they desire to present a petition or request to this government it will have to go through the ordinary channels, and in this instance it will be through the military arm of the government. Such a petition when presented will be referred to Gen. Brooke as military Governor of Cuba, and the one person authorized to deal with Cuban affairs. It is also probable that these Cubans will be told that any answer to the request or petition will come from Gen. Brooke.

## BROUGHT BACK THE DEAD.

Bodies of Cuban Heroes to Rest in Their Native Land.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 28.—The United States transport Crook arrived here tonight, having on board the bodies of the soldiers who died during the campaign of Porto Rico and the bodies of 671 of the soldier dead from Santiago. She will remain in the bay all night. According to the quartermaster's department the Crook will weigh anchor tomorrow morning, and go at once to the army pier at the foot of Pacific street, Brooklyn, where she will arrive at 10 a.m.

The work of taking the bodies off will be begun at once. The army officials are of the opinion that the last body will not be lifted from the boat until Friday. Great care will be taken that there shall be no mixing of the caskets, thus making the identity of the deceased doubtful. Each body was positively identified by sealing the metallic caskets at the cemetery, and the department is sure that there will be no cases of mistaken identity.

As each body is checked off, it will be turned over to the express company for shipment, if not going to Arlington. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has promised the War Department to send to the government pier tomorrow a float containing five cars, and as the bodies going to Arlington are laid on the pier they will be carried to the cars. Col. Kimball said that about half of the bodies would be buried in Arlington Cemetery. Bodies that are claimed by the relatives will be expressed to destinations at the expense of the War Department.

When all the bodies intended for Arlington have been placed on the float, the cars will be started for Washington. There will go to Washington on the train as a guard of honor, a detail of eight privates under the command of two non-commissioned officers from the Thirtieth United States Infantry.

## THAT CUBAN PARTY.

Projectors of the New Patriotic Movement are Discouraged.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 28.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Havana says: "The projectors of the new patriotic Cuban party, which was to have alliances with neither the Gomez nor the anti-Gomez wing of the original revolutionists, are rather discouraged at the outcome of the meeting at the Pay-rol Theater, at which the birth of the new organization was to be celebrated. Partisans both of Gomez and of the Assembly were on hand, and confusion marked the proceedings at every stage. The chairman, Dr. Torca Albas, was forced to resign the gavel, and many of the speakers encountered marked hostility. It was decided, however, to complete an organization by wards in Havana to prepare the people to vote intelligently at the elections to be held this summer for a constituent Assembly. Senor Carlos de la Torre is the head of the newly-chosen City Committee."

"The arrival of the City of Paris filled the streets and hotels of Havana more conspicuously than ever with American tourists, but despite the near approach of the quarantine period, the tide of travel is setting strongly to Cuba, and March's health and weather record fully justifies a continuance of the rush well into April."



## TURNED TAIL.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

will become more formidable as the city itself is approached.

Leading War Department officials referred today to the desperation with which the insurgents were fighting. It was taken as an indication that they had staked everything on the outcome of this fight, and losing it, they would submit rather than prolong a hopeless struggle. In this view, the fierceness of the rebel fighting was taken as an evidence that "once whipped, they will stay whipped."

The Navy Department received nothing from Admiral Dewey during the day, and up to the close of office hours nothing official had been received concerning the achievement of the Yorktown in capturing a Spanish merchantman in the Gulf of Lingayen. While the dispatch is silent as to the cause of the capture, it is surmised that it was due to her carrying contraband of war. This is apparently borne out by the fact that the gulf leads to the terminus of the railway, which, in turn, leads to the insurgent capital of Malolos.

It is further borne out by the fact of the capture itself, which would hardly be attempted against a neutral merchant ship, unless for serious reasons. Spain is now practically in the position of a neutral, so that her merchant ships have immunity from capture unless there is good foundation for belief that aid and comfort is being given to the enemy. The last information from Dewey as to the Yorktown came in when he stated that the gunboat was cruising off Luzon.

## THE LATEST.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEW YORK, March 28.—A dispatch to the Journal from Manila, dated Wednesday, says: "Bocav has been taken by our troops. The railroad bridge is uninjured. Gen. MacArthur is within eight miles of Malolos."

## DAKOTA BOYS' CHARGE.

## REPULSED AGUINALDO'S FAMOUS TROOPS ABOVE MARILAO.

MacArthur's Progress Impeded by Partial Destruction of Railways. Reports from Iloilo and Negros Very Encouraging.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, March 28.—The following dispatch has been received from Gen. Otis:

"MANILA, March 28.—Adjutant-General, Washington: Severe fighting yesterday afternoon above Marilao. Brilliant charge by South Dakota, led by Frost, against famed troops of Aguinaldo, brought from Malolos. Repulsed enemy with slaughter. Adj. Lien and Lieuts. Adams and Morrison, and four enlisted men of the regiment, killed. Lieut. McClelland and twenty-two enlisted men wounded. Loss yesterday mostly confined to this regiment.

"Partial destruction of railways, which is being rapidly repaired, impedes MacArthur's progress. Supply railway trains have now reached Marilao, and MacArthur is pushing on. Our small gunboat are in Bulacan River, where great execution was done yesterday. They will relieve pressure on MacArthur's front materially. Troops in excellent condition and spirits. Proclamation signed Luna, general-in-chief insurgent forces, directs that all towns abandoned be burned. In consequence thereof much country north in flames. (Signed) "OTIS."

The above dispatch was received in Washington at 2:40 a.m., March 28. It is observed that it refers only to fighting yesterday, nothing being said of the operations of today.

The Frost named in Gen. Otis's dispatch is Capt. A. Frost of the Twenty-second Infantry, now colonel of the First South Dakota Volunteers. The three officers killed in the regiment are Joseph H. Lien, first lieutenant and adjutant; First Lieut. H. Adams, and Second Lieut. Sydney E. Morrison. The wounded man is Capt. H. E. McClelland.

A dispatch from Gen. Otis announces that the Third Infantry has taken the place of the Twenty-third Infantry, which was at the front. Two battalions of the Twenty-third were brigaded with the Oregon volunteers, and have been severe fighting. The Twenty-third has been recalled to Manila.

**NEGROS REPORT ENCOURAGING.** Adj.-Gen. Corbin has received the following dispatches:

"MANILA, March 28.—Adjutant-General, Washington: Following from Iloilo: 'All quiet here; Smith's additional troops received at Enrique with great show of gladness. "Von Volzart." The additional troops, Second battalions California sent to Col Smith to protect inhabitants from raids of hill robbers. Negros developing internal government under Smith's supervision. Reports very encouraging."

"MANILA, March 28.—Adjutant-General, Washington: Prince Lowenstein, with Wheaton's command, morning 26, took refreshment to officers Second Oregon on firing line. Was cautioned as to danger, but advanced with line when it charged insurgent entrenchment. He was killed by enemy, and a friend with him wounded. His remains delivered to friends in city. (Signed) "OTIS."

Gen. Greely, chief of the signal office, has received a cablegram from Manila which is confined to routine affairs.

**TIED BUT SPIRITED.** [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] MANILA, March 28, 9 p.m.—Gen. MacArthur and his army are resting on the plain beyond Marilao, after three days' scrambling in the brush, fording rivers and charging trenches in the blazing sun. The men are tired, but are in splendid spirits.

**CHARGED THE INSURGENTS.** [A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] MANILA, March 28.—Later, Garcia,

a native general, came down from Dagupan by train with 1000 riflemen and 4000 Bolomen and took positions at Marilao. A river was between the Americans and the insurgent forces.

The South Dakota Volunteers and the Third Artillery, acting as infantry, were thrown forward. The South Dakotans charged brilliantly across an open space on the east of the railway to the edge of some woods. They lost ten killed and eleven wounded, including three lieutenants. The Third Artillery on the right of the railroad charged and lost nine wounded, two mortally. On the left the insurgents' trench east of the river made a stubborn resistance.

Lieut. Critchlow, with two guns of the Utah Battery, and Lieut. Davis, with a navy Colt gun, forced thirty insurgents in a long trench on the opposite side of the river to surrender at the close quarters of 100 yards.

The rest of the insurgents got out with severe loss. Ninety dead insurgents were counted.

**TROUBLE IN NEGROS ISLAND.** Angry Inhabitants Have Attacked the Americans, Says a Report. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SINGAPORE (India), March 29.—[By East Indian Cable.] Trouble is brewing in the island of Negros, where the inhabitants repudiate the self-constituted authority of Anisio Lacson, President of the provincial government, to arrange affairs with the Americans, and have attacked the Americans. The center at Manila suppressed the details.

The insurgents in Luzon sent a message to Lieutenant-Commander Cowan, of the British gunboat Plover, when the latter endeavored to effect a compromise, suggesting that they were ready to treat for peace through a neutral great power.

**CAPTURED A STEAMER.** [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] MANILA, March 28, 7:10 p.m.—The United States gunboat Yorktown has arrived here with the Spanish steamer Munara, owned by a company of this place. The steamer was captured after a stiff chase in the Gulf of Lingayen, 24 miles north. When she was first sighted the Munara was entering by the gulf, but she headed seaward. The Yorktown fired two shots before the steamer was overhauled.

**PRO PATRIA.** Men Who Shed Their Blood While Following the Flag. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, March 28.—Gen. Otis has forwarded the following casualty list under this date:

"March 27, Killed: "First South Dakota: First Lieut. and Adj. Jonas H. Lien; Co. H, First Lieut. Frank Adams; Co. E, Second Lieut. Sidney Morrison; Co. D, Privates James Nelson, Matthew Ryan, E. Harry Keogh, Lewis Chase, Peter Ryan, Frank A. Shraeder.

"Twenty-third Kansas: Co. G, Corp. John Shear and Private Carroll Williams; Co. I, William Kinney.

"Tenth Pennsylvania: Co. H, Private J. O. Kline.

"Wounded: "First South Dakota: Co. I, First

Lieut. Paul D. McClelland, arm; Co. C, Sergt. Sidney C. Cordella, ankle, severe; Private George Amcor, thigh, severe; Co. D, Private Ray Washburn, shoulder, severe; Isaac Johnson, arm, severe; First Sergt. Ernest Malen, thigh and hand, severe; Co. E, Sergt. Arthur A. North, thigh, severe; Corp. Frank E. W. Wheeler, testicle, slight; Privates John Staube, lung, chest, severe; William P. Pankey, arm, moderate; Co. I, Warren Crozier, shoulder, slight; Co. F, Benjamin Stronle, neck, severe; Peter J. Tierney, ankle, slight; Co. K, Guy P. Squire, leg, severe; Co. L, Alexander H. H. Wright, foot, severe; Co. I, Lieut. Critchlow, severe; Sher- man Denzel, knee; Musician Albert Taylor, scalp; Co. I, Privates M. I. Smith, chest, serious; Co. E, Riley, thigh, severe; Co. M, George L. Sears, hip, severe; Ezerley M. Busio, forearm, severe; Co. L, John Greitzer, scalp, severe.

"Twenty-third Kansas: Co. A, Corp. Fred Reeb, thigh, severe; Co. H, Private Joseph Wahl, neck, severe; Co. L, Leslie Sitzer, arm, severe.

"First Montana: Co. A, Private Harry Athey, thigh, severe; Co. B, J. O. Bolckey, neck, severe; Co. F, Joseph Lorenz, back, severe; Co. G, William Yost, hip, severe; Co. I, Addison Seymour, chest, severe; A. K. Lundene, arm, chest, severe; John Tierney, thigh, severe; Co. H, Frank Gibson, leg, severe.

"First Colorado: Co. H, Private Harry Kerr, chest, severe.

"Twenty-second Infantry: Co. I, Private John Hogeboom, shoulder, slight.

"Third Artillery: Battery H, Sergt. Heili, abdomen; Musician Henry J. Roth, forearm, severe; Private John McConness, leg, severe; Battery K, Frank B. Catron, thigh, severe; Orin McLay, leg, severe; M. D. Brockling, knee, severe; John Gilligan, foot, slight; Clarence E. Chappell, thigh, severe; Alex Pike, hip, severe; Captain J. C. Read, commissary subsistence, U.S.V., finger, trifling-spectator."

**TOTAL LOSSES.** [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, March 28.—A list prepared in the office of the Adjutant-General shows the casualties in Manila since February 4 to be 157 killed and 864 wounded.

**HALE NOT REPORTED.** [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, March 28.—Gen. Otis has made no report of the wounding of Gen. Hale, which was reported to Denver.

**DEWEY'S WANTS.** [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] CHICAGO, March 28.—A special to the Journal from Washington says: "Adj. Gen. Dewey has cabled to the Navy Department for more men and more ships. It is believed to mean simply determination to put into execution a plan more thoroughly to patrol the

islands and prevent filibustering expeditions from landing.

**GEN. MILLER'S BIRTHDAY.** Meeting of Officers at Headquarters to Pass Their Compliments. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEW YORK, March 28.—A dispatch to the Herald from Iloilo says that Monday was the sixty-fourth birthday of Gen. Miller, and it was celebrated at headquarters by a general assembly of the officers and complimentary speeches.

Col. Vanzah of the Eighth Infantry expressed the sentiment of regret of the brigade at losing a commander whom they esteem. Gen. Miller, in responding, thanked the officers and expressed his appreciation of their face of the enemy, praising their brilliant field work, their efficiency and their attention to details which had already received his fullest commendation in his official reports. When referring to the work of the artillery and special branch, the general spoke feelingly and with warmth of the men of the brigade, saying that he was proud of severing his connection with the service.

After remarks by Col. Childers of the Tennessee volunteers and Capt. Bridge-man of the artillery, Capt. Woodward, the brigadier adjutant-general, presented Gen. Miller with a souvenir in behalf of the officers. A salute was fired at noon.

The situation here is unchanged. There is a movement among the natives for another attempt at a peaceful settlement. It is hoped to emancipate the Visayas from the influence of the Tagalo element, which is rebellious for the continuation of hostilities.

**ORGANIZED FOR REDRESS.** [MINNEAPOLIS, (Minn.), March 28.—A special to the Journal from August, Ga., says the officers of the Fifteenth Minnesota Volunteers will not be content to resume civilian life with the stigma of Gen. Young's scathing rebuke attached to them. He practically accused the entire staff of incompetency and cowardice on the occasion of the late mutiny, and, though they have been mustered out, they will not relinquish their efforts for vindication. They have formed an organization for this object, and will institute a fund for prosecuting the matter.

**SUFFERING FROM HEAT.** Hundred Degrees Hard on Americans—All Eager to Fight. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] MANILA, March 28, 11 a.m.—[By Asiatic Cable.] The heat was intense, being 90 deg. on the coast, and fully 100 deg. in the interior, and it made the Americans suffer a great deal. The heat, however, every man was eager to proceed toward the enemy.

A detachment of ninety-six Filipino prisoners was escorted into Manila today. Their appearance aroused great interest as they were marched from the depot to the prison.

The rebels have unloaded about five hundred men from a train, half a mile from Gen. MacArthur's forces, with the object of reinforcing the Filipino garrisons at Bulacan and Guigunto, on either side of the railroad leading to Malolos.

The fact that the railroad is in operation from here to our front, facilitates the transportation of supplies to the troops. Before the break in the

road was repaired, the transportation of supplies was very uncertain.

All is quiet in front of the lines of Gen. Otis and his army.

A battalion of the California regiment, which has been landed at Enrique, Island of Negros, has been relieved with every manifestation of joy on the part of the natives.

The command of the island of Negros has been formally transferred from Gen. Miller to Col. von Volzart, of the Eighteenth Infantry.

**FILIPINO FIGHTERS.** Lieut. Gohn Tells of Their Characteristics and Methods. [A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] NEW YORK, March 28.—Lieut. Gohn of the Fourteenth Infantry, regulars, stationed at Governor's Island, saw service in the Philippines from August to November last. They are making the now going on outside of Manila.

Lieut. Gohn said to a reporter of the World:

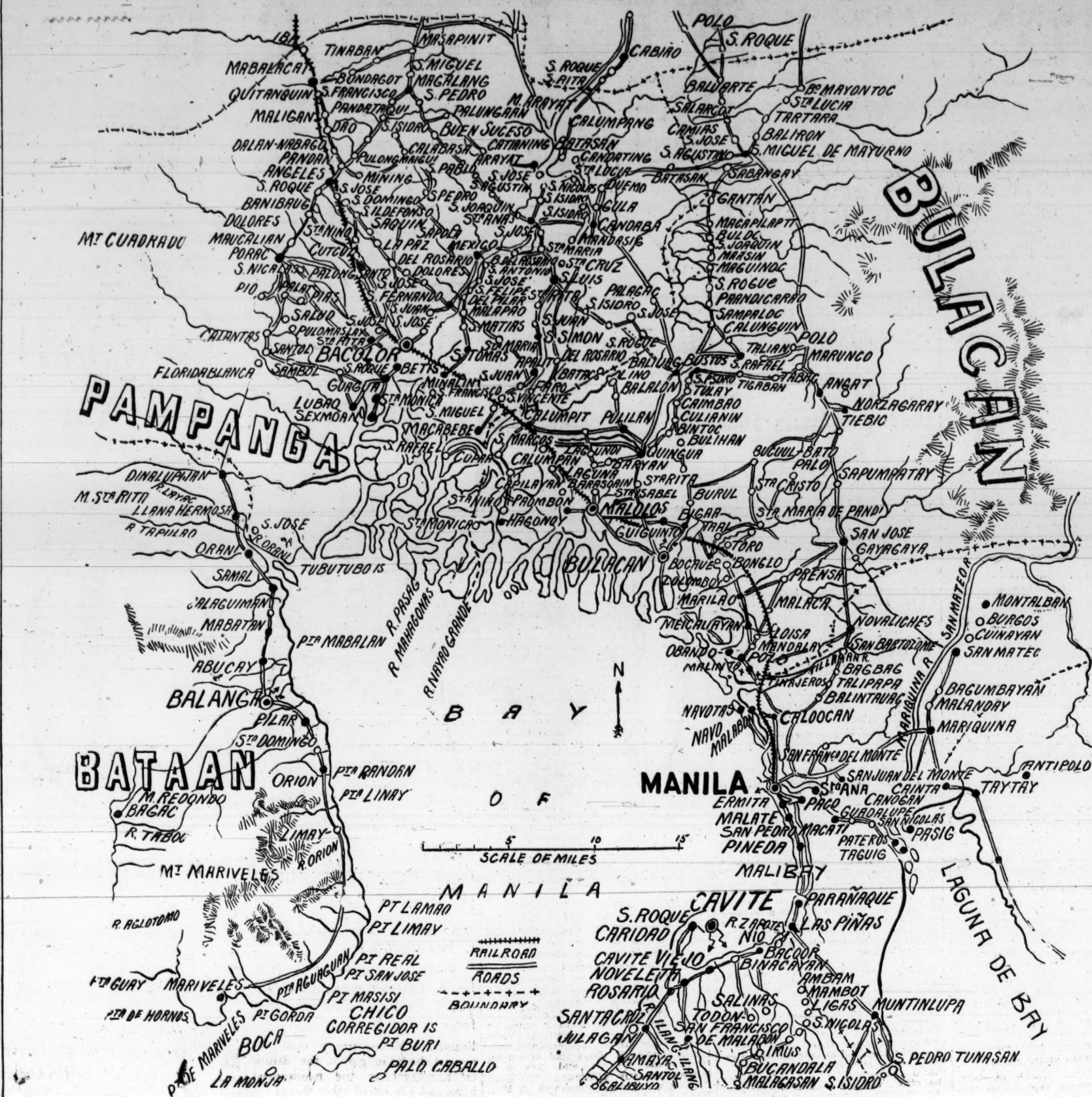
"I believe that this will be the last regular battle with the Filipinos. When this campaign is over, their military strength will be shattering. But it will be a long time before the insurgents are conquered. I think it will be a matter of years, perhaps two or three. The determined resistance they are making against our forces is not strange to me. Human life is a very cheap thing with the Filipinos. They are absolutely reckless in exposing themselves, and go to the slaughter willingly. They will fight hand to hand if forced."

"About one-third of Aguinaldo's army had Mauser rifles when I left. A considerable portion had single-shot Remingtons. They were not then very familiar with the use of firearms, but they are people who learn quickly. How they came to acquire such a quantity of Mausers is hard to say. They captured some with the Spanish prisoners. They undoubtedly stole the others. But there is no doubt they are getting assistance from the outside. They have money, and they know how to use it. Smuggling is going on constantly. We stopped a good deal of it while I was there, and once or twice captured some artillery consigned to Aguinaldo's army."

"They had no artillery when I left, and I doubt that they have any to speak of now. Artillery, however, is not of much service in that country, as the heavy guns cannot be moved easily. The roads are few and practically useless for artillery. All around Manila the country is low and swampy, and it would be a tough job to move artillery through it."

"The Filipinos can build good trenches. Those that I saw were first-class. They do not put the approaches with barbed wire as the Spaniards did in Cuba. I do not think they are good fighters as the Spaniards. Many of the men in Aguinaldo's army are uncivilized. In their own wars, some of these natives still use the poisoned arrows. That tells how civilized they are. You cannot get anything lower than that. Aguinaldo himself is not a military genius, but he is a great leader of men. He possesses the art of making great bodies of men do as he wishes with all their energy."

**PROMOTION FOR MACARTHUR.** [A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] NEW YORK, March 28.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: "As a result of his gallantry and judicious management of the campaign against the insurgents, the War Department has practically determined to appoint Arthur MacArthur now a major-general of volunteers and a lieutenant-colonel in the regular



MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR IN THE PHILIPPINES. (DRAWN FROM THE OFFICIAL MILITARY MAP ISSUED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.) CUT THIS OUT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

of the army in the treatment of the wounded.

"Surgeon-General Sternberg has received a very interesting report from Col. Lippincott, the chief surgeon at Manila, showing the accommodations at hand and the preparations which have been made. A convalescent hospital has been established on Corrigidor Island at the entrance of Manila Bay, some thirty miles west of the city. A steamer makes daily trips to the island. It is too early to say what benefit the hospital will be to the command, but it will be considerable, considering the refreshing sea air, the less excessive heat and the absence of unhealthy surroundings of Manila."

## CASTLE AT COLOMBO.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, March 28.—The gunboat Castine arrived at Colombo Sunday on her way to join Dewey's fleet at Manila. The gunboats Annapolis and Vicksburg left Santiago yesterday for Havana.

## GOOD EXPERIENCES.

CAPT. FARRELL ON THE ARMY IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Will Have to Contend With Some Guerrilla Warfare for Years to Come and Present Training is Valuable—His Own Travels.

## [A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

CHICAGO, March 28.—G. P. H. Farrell, captain and assistant surgeon of the First California Volunteers, is in Chicago. His regiment was the first to reach Manila last June, and the captain was in the island of Luzon continuously until the last week of January, two months ago. He has unusual opportunities to study the conditions in the island, as he was selected last October to make a tour of investigation extending from Manila to Dagupan. He speaks Spanish fluently, and for that reason was chosen to carry on many of the negotiations with Aguinaldo. He has traversed the country where the American troops are now fighting, and in speaking of that locality said:

"The railway line extends up the middle of the valley along which our troops have been advancing. The country in which the recent operations have taken place is very flat, and is simply a succession of rice fields. Between this valley and the sea is a low range of hills, and on the other hand is the coast range of mountains, perhaps five thousand or six thousand feet high. The rice fields are quite small, and are separated by dikes, so that they can be flooded. It is an excellent country for defensive operations. The natives can use the dikes for trenches, retreating from one to another, and then, in abandoning a position, they can flood the fields and thus hinder the advance of our men. I have not seen it mentioned in the dispatches, but I have no doubt that many of these fields have been flooded."

"What do you believe will be the effect of the present campaign?"

"There will be several pitched battles, and then the guerrilla warfare will be dispersed, but the American army in the Philippines will have to contend with guerrilla warfare for several years to come. The natives will not submit, even if the main body of the army is demolished and scattered. Still, I do not think the prospect is one that should be alarming or distressing. Our army will have an experience in the Philippines which will be exceeded

(CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE.)



**Hotel del Coronado** IS THE MOST POPULAR HOTEL AND RESORT ON THE PACIFIC COAST. The following table shows the number of guests who were served for breakfast to order this morning, March 28, 1899:

King Fish, 1; Lobster, 1; Chicken Halibut, 1; Shad, 1; Sole, 1; Large Halibut, 1; Barbecued, 1; China Croaker, 1; Yellowfin, 1; Fish always cooked to order. The morning meals are served at Hotel del Coronado.

Passengers and baggage taken FREE from San Diego depot to HOTEL DEL CORONADO. Hold checks until arrival at San Diego.

Write—E. S. BARBOCK, Mgr. Or inquire of H. F. Norcross, Coronado Agent, 300 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

**HOTEL METROPOLE** OAKLAND, CAL.

A delightful climate is the first thought in selecting a desirable hotel for rest and comfort.

You can find both climate and a first-class family and tourist hotel at Oakland.

Train service to San Francisco every fifteen minutes.

For further particulars of...

**Hotel Metropole,** 13th and Jefferson Streets OAKLAND.

**HOTEL Casa Loma** REDLANDS.

A Strictly First-class Hotel.

In the most beautiful town on the Coast.

A Perfect Climate. No Fogs.

Reasonable rates by the week and month. Correspondence solicited.

J. H. BOHON, Manager.

**HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES—**

**BELLEVUE TERRACE HOTEL**—Cor. Sixth and Figueroa Sts. Strictly First-class Family Hotel. Fine Cuisine, newly furnished, sunny rooms, steam heat, bath, large playgrounds for children. An ideal, picturesque California Hotel. Rates \$2 and up. Special terms by the week.

**HOTEL GRAY CABLES**—Cor. 7th and Hill Sts. Newly furnished suites, with private bath. Finest Table Board in city. Billiard, dancing and card rooms in basement. Steam heat.

**HOTEL LINCOLN**—Second and Hill streets. First-class for families and tourists. Service and appointments complete. THOS. PASCOE, Prop. Telephone Main 11. HOME, sunny rooms, front suite, glass porch, furnace heat, good board.

**THE BELMONT HOTEL**—48 Temple Street. Healthy location, near courthouse. PLEASANT limited number of guests. P. O. Box 11. References required.



## THEN HE LEFT TOWN.

### GOV. GAGE TURNS IN SOME MORE BILLS.

List of Those Which Have Received His Approval and Are Now Laws of the State.

### SANTA FE JOKER IS ONE.

### APPROPRIATION FOR KEEPING UP A MANSION APPROVED.

Richard's Dangerous Election Proposition Indorsed—Newspaper Claims More Money for an Exhibit at Paris.

### [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SACRAMENTO, March 28.—Gov. Gage sent in a large batch of signed bills to the Secretary of State's office this afternoon, and then left the city on the first train. The bills that have received his signature and become laws are as follows:

Assembly Bill No. 19, known as the "Straight Ticket Bill," to amend sections 1083, 1094, 1113, 1115, 1130, 1131, 1160, 1164, 1174, 1187, 1188, 1196, 1197, 1205, 1211, 1257, 1258, and 1259, of the Political Code, and to repeal section 1228 thereof, all relating to elections.

Assembly Bill No. 39, by Kelly: To appropriate money to pay the directors of the California Institute for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind, and for the concrete guttering, culverting, and macadamizing of Waring street in front of the lands of the Institute.

Assembly Bill No. 54, by Meserve: To provide for certain improvements at the Southern California State Hospital.

Assembly Bill No. 82, by Valentine: Appropriating money for a California exhibit at the Paris Exposition.

Assembly Bill No. 140, by Caminetti: Prescribing the manner of locating mining claims.

Assembly Bill No. 232, by Merritt: Authorizing the Secretary of State to appoint a janitor's clerk.

Assembly Bill No. 248, by Wardell: To pay the claim of Oliver R. Chapman on a judgment against the State.

Assembly Bill No. 347, by William McDonald: To appropriate money to pay for the grading and curbing of Waring street in front of the lands of the Institute for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind of Berkeley. (Companion to A. B. No. 29.)

Assembly Bill No. 353, by Dibble: To appropriate money for support of aged and indigent persons in the Veterans' Home.

Assembly Bill No. 366, by Hoy: Limiting the hours of daily service.

Assembly Bill No. 407, by Conroy: To pay the claim of the Capital of Los Angeles for advertising.

Assembly Bill No. 416, by Caminetti: To add two new sections to an act to establish a Political Code, relating to the committee of the Legislature, and to the duties of the judiciary committee thereof.

Assembly Bill No. 440, by J. M. Miller: Authorizing the granting by boards of Supervisors and authorities of cities and towns to railroad corporations of franchises for the location of wharves and piers for terminal purposes.

Assembly Bill No. 443, by Hoy: To establish a State Normal School in San Francisco.

Assembly Bill No. 455, by Rickard: For the relief of John C. Pelton.

Assembly Bill No. 464, by Hoy: To pay the Ventura Independent for advertising Constitutional amendments.

Assembly Bill No. 506, by Raub: To amend an act to establish a State Licensure Commission, etc.

Assembly Bill No. 509, by Knights: Providing for the maintenance of a mansion for the Governor of the State.

Assembly Bill No. 542, by Ray: To create the office of Lake Tahoe road commissioner.

Assembly Bill No. 562, relating bill, to amend the Penal Code relating to primary elections.

Assembly Bill No. 581, by Committee on Ways and Means: To provide payment of costs of suit in foreclosing delinquent purchasers of State school lands.

Assembly Bill No. 588, by Rickard: To amend the Penal Code relating to boxing and sparring matches and prize or ring fights.

Assembly Bill No. 618, by Barry: To pay the Specialty Manufacturing Company for metallic furniture furnished the clerk of the Supreme Court.

Assembly Bill No. 662, by Committee on Ways and Means: To pay the salaries of the employees of the Commissioner of Public Works.

Assembly Bill No. 679, by De Lancel: To pay expenses incurred at the State Forestry Station at Chico.

Assembly Bill No. 726, by Caminetti: To declare the Silver Lake wagon road via Silver Lake to Lake Tahoe a State highway.

Assembly Bill No. 727, by Belshaw: Relating to the public school lands of the State of California.

Assembly Bill No. 734, by Auerich: To pay for advertising constitutional amendments: Assembly bills to pay the claims of James H. Barry, "Mountain Messenger"; J. L. Chiles, James McClatchy & Co. Daily Willows Journal, Allen B. Lemmon, Labor World and Silver Champion of Los Angeles; McNab & Cassidy, Petaluma Printing Company, Headburg Enterprise, Town Talk Publishing Company, Herald Publishing Company of San Jose, Evening Post, Ventura Democrat, Argus Publishing Company, A. Taylor, Vallejo Chronicle, Events, Appeal Publishing Company, for advertising constitutional amendments; Herald of Los Angeles, Blue Lake Advocate, Phil B. Danley for printing; J. B. Sanford, E. C. Rust, Trinity Journal, San Francisco News Letter.

Senate Bill No. 6, by Bulla: For improvements at the Normal School at Los Angeles.

Senate Bill No. 27, by Simpson: Relating to railways, known as the Santa Fe Bill.

Senate Bill No. 72, by Braunhart: Relating to use of car fenders.

Senate Bill No. 155, by Boyce: Relating to the powers of guardians in partition.

Senate Bill No. 228, by Nutt: Appropriating \$45,000 to complete the State Normal School at San Diego.

Senate Bill No. 249, by Taylor: Relating to the enumeration of the inhabitants of a city or town.

Senate Bill No. 252, by Maggard: To create the office of expert to the Controller.

Senate Bill No. 271, by Boyce: To pay the claim of Clement Bennett.

Senate Bill No. 272, by Gillette: To pay the claim of the Bulletin.

Senate Bill No. 319, by Stratton: Authorizing the insurance of all property of the State University.

Senate Bill No. 320, by Bulla: To create a Commission of Public Works.

Senate Bill No. 336, by Bulla: To amend section 592 of the Penal Code.

Senate Bill No. 353, by Trout: To amend section 2022 of the Political Code.

Senate Bill No. 434, by Burnett, appropriating \$5000 for repairs to the State Capitol.

Senate Bill No. 461, by Gillette.

## authorizing the Governor and Attorney-General to purchase certain lands in Humboldt Bay.

Senate Bill No. 522, by Curtin, to provide for the advertising of the Constitutional amendments.

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## YOUNG MAN STRUNG UP.

### JUDGE LYNCH UPON THE BENCH BACK IN KANSAS.

A Farmer Who Tried to Murder His Sweetheart and Wounded Another Woman Met a Horrible Fate at the Hands of a Mob.

### [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

TOPEKA (Kan.), March 28.—A special to the State Journal from Holton, Kan., says that Henry Sanderson, the young farmer who attempted to murder his sweetheart, Myrtle Fleischer, near Mayetta, Sunday afternoon, but instead wounded Mrs. John Fleischer, her aunt, who was at her side, so that she died at 2 o'clock this morning, was lynched this morning by a mob from Mayetta.

Although nominally in Sheriff George N. Haas's hands, Sanderson was under the guard of one man in a back room of Nate Hauer's restaurant. This was for two reasons. During Sanderson's attempt to escape immediately after shooting Mrs. Fleischer, he started to extract money from his Winchester, and one accidentally exploded, shattering his right arm. Again, there had been a jail delivery at Holton the previous night, and the prison was not considered safe.

About 2 o'clock this morning, Nate Hauer, keeper of the restaurant, alone on night duty, was surprised by two men armed with revolvers, who demanded Sanderson. At the same moment men burst in the back door of the restaurant with drawn revolvers. A single guard was simply paralyzed with fear, and made no resistance. Sanderson was lying in bed asleep, but was awakened by the noise. Without a protest Sanderson arose and partially dressed. The mob, with Sanderson, marched to Banner Creek, tied a rope around his neck, and fastened the other end to a beam. They then gave him a kick and with a few convulsive jerks Sanderson was dead. His neck was disjointed by the fall of twelve feet, and death must have come almost instantly. The mob then quietly dispersed.

The body was cut down by Sheriff Haas about 5 o'clock this morning, and taken to a local undertaking establishment, where it lies awaiting the disposition of relatives.

None of the mob are known by the officials.

### ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

### [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

KANSAS CITY, March 28.—A special to the Star from Holton, Kan., gives the following additional details of the lynching of Henry Sanderson:

After leaving a guard over the restaurant-keeper and attendant, the procession drove out to the edge of the city to a high bridge, which crossed both the river and the railroad tracks. Sanderson was taken to the bridge by Sanderson's hand and foot, tied a stout rope about his neck and pushed him over the fall. The only words spoken by Sanderson were: "Where can you hide me?" He was evidently under the influence of morphine, administered during the day.

The little band of farmers having completed their work, proceeded home as unobtrusively as they had come. The lynchers were unmasked and made an effort to conceal their identity. They were supposed to have come from the vicinity of Mayetta, a few miles from Holton. Sanderson's body was taken to a local undertaking establishment, where it lies awaiting the disposition of relatives.

## VICTIMS OF THE FIRE.

### BODIES RECOVERED AT CHICAGO AND BOXES AT NEW YORK.

Three More Missing as a Result of the Armour Curled Hair and Felt Works Horror—Thirty-third from Windsor Hotel Ruins.

### [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, March 28.—Five bodies were recovered this afternoon from the ruins of the Armour Curled Hair and Felt Works, which were burned last night. Four of the bodies recovered were identified. The recovered bodies are:

WILLIAM RICKSECKER, aged 40 years.

JOHN B. GEORGE, 60 years, unmarried.

JAMES FLANAGAN, 24 years old; lived with his mother and sisters.

JOHN SMITH, 18 years.

Unidentified man, burned beyond recognition; thought to be the remains of Daniel Sheehan.

The missing are:

MISS ELLA HEMMILWRIGHT, forewoman of picking-room.

WILLIAM GLISMAN.

JOHN WHITE, elevator man.

The three men, Jeremiah Steele, James Kuda and Paul Rosenmeyer, who were the most seriously injured, are doing well. Steele, who jumped from a fourth-story window into the firemen's net, is the only one who is in a critical condition.

Tonight at 6 o'clock he regained consciousness and has an even chance to pull through. The other injured will recover speedily.

## EIGHT CHARRED BONES FOUND.

### [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 28.—Eight charred bones, all that remains of a human being, were found today among the debris of the Hotel Windsor on the Forty-seventh-street side.

It was impossible to tell whether the bones were those of a man, woman or child. Because they were found all in one place, they were officially recorded as the third known dead from the fire of March 17.

## PATENTS FOR CALIFORNIANS.

Los Angeles Invent a Viola—Mail Service Discontinued.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

WASHINGTON, March 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Patents were granted to Californians today as follows:

Frank E. Farley, San Francisco, and J. H. Jackson, Watsonville, device for drawing steam heat.

For and G. B. Starr, San Francisco, boot or shoe heel; Augustin Kuschel, San Francisco, centrifugal pump or tractor; John W. Livermore, assignor of one-half to C. J. Berry, Selma, thawing apparatus; Max Meyberg, Los Angeles, keyless switch; Joseph J. Reeder, Evergreen, bottle stopper, retainer and extractor; Robert Pampile and E. Sampson, Los Angeles, Lehigh Henry J. Small, Sacramento, number displaying device for caboose cars.

Special mail service was discontinued today between Viola, Shasta county, and Placerville.

Tobacco Stock Increased.—At a special meeting of the stockholders of the American Tobacco Company, held in Newark, it was voted to increase the capital stock from \$35,000,000 to \$70,000,000.

## TURNED TAIL.

### (CONTINUED FROM SECOND PAGE.)

ingly valuable, and make it all the more effective in the future."

"How did you happen to make a trip through the island?"

"It was found advisable to ascertain what the natives in the interior were doing, and what seemed to be their attitude toward the Americans. The American officers in uniform who had attempted to traverse this part of the country had been arrested and sent back, so I traveled as a civilian. That was late in October. As I am of English birth, I allowed the natives to believe that I was an Englishman. In addition to that I spoke Spanish. The fact that his name was mentioned everywhere, showed that he was regarded as their leader, and gave me some idea of his influence in the island. I went the entire length of the railway line to Dagupan on the entire coast, and everywhere I found the natives arming themselves and drilling constantly. The one topic of conversation was the coming fight with the Americans. They seemed to regard it as inevitable, and were not disposed to avoid it. Even the little boys were marching up the streets and being drilled, and I never saw more military enthusiasm in any country. Of course, the drilling was very awkward, and the discipline was poor. The soldiers were intensely earnest and enthusiastic everywhere, and the fact that the new arms were being shipped in and distributed showed that some well-defined policy of preparation was being put into effect."

"How did the natives get these improved arms?"

"They were shipped in during all last summer, and autumn. As soon as Aguinaldo established his government, he began to levy taxes in every village and demand tribute from the wealthy residents in and around Manila, and a great deal of this money was immediately expended for arms and ammunition. At Malolos, I saw Maxim and Gatling guns. There are enough Spanish artillerymen among the insurgents to handle these guns in an effective manner. It is evident also that the natives have complete control of the country for their trenches have been well constructed, and so arranged that soldiers can retreat from one to another without putting themselves in range."

"You are a Filipino?"

"For a time, I met him two or three times a day. He impressed me as a very shrewd leader. He was exceedingly suspicious of the Americans, and I found the greatest difficulty in getting any information out of him. At every interview he had one of his native officers with him."

### CUBAN ARMY ROLLS.

They Will Soon be in Possession of American Authorities.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

HAVANA, March 28.—[By West Indian Cable.] The Cuban army rolls will very soon be in the possession of the American authorities. This determination was reached this afternoon at a conference between the Secretary of War, Gen. Gen. Brooke and Gen. Maximo Gomez, on board the United States transport Ingalis.

Secretary of War spent the morning on the transport receiving visitors. Gen. Gomez, with his son, accompanied Col. Lasker H. Bliss this afternoon to pay his respects, and they were followed shortly afterward by Gen. Brooke, who was accompanied by Maj. Kennon of his staff.

At 2 o'clock, the Secretary of War came ashore and drove to the Hotel Inglaterra, where he met Col. Hecker, in charge, drove to Colon Cemetery to visit the graves of the victims of the battleship Maine.

Gen. Alger has taken up with some of the department commanders the question of appointing civilian governors of the island and the various provinces and of giving them power to raise upon the military garrisons when needed.

The Secretary of War has decided not to go to Pinar del Rio. He will leave by train for Matanzas tomorrow morning, going on from that point to Cienfuegos.

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## COAST RECORD.

## COULD NOT CONTROL.

## AN EXTRA FREIGHT GOT AWAY FROM THE TRAINMEN.

Crashed into a Regular in Arizona and Played Smash With the Engine and Cars.

## A FIREMAN SERIOUSLY HURT.

## RUNAWAY DASHED HEAD-ON INTO THE OTHER'S REAR.

Advices from Honolulu—Walked to Death Over a Cliff—Horses Burned in a Freight Car—Transporting Coming.

## [BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

ASH FORK (Ariz.) March 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] No. 36, freight, east-bound, and freight extra No. 25, came into collision this morning at McMillan switch, east of this point, at the head of Johnston Canyon. Engineer Charles Dausey, and fireman Benjamin, of the extra, were injured, the latter seriously. The trainmen on the extra, lost control of their train on the heavy grade and ran head on into the waiting east-bound. The extra's engine was almost demolished and a half dozen empty cars of the east-bound freight were smashed.

## NEW HOPE FLOOD.

Water Still Pouring into That District—Crops Ruined.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] STOCKTON, March 28.—The condition of the flood at New Hope this morning remained practically the same as it was yesterday afternoon. Water is still pouring into that district, but owing to the large extent of territory affected and to the fact that the flow is toward the lowest land, where the water is deepening, the territory is inundated to a very much larger than it was yesterday. Arthur Thornton, the well-known rancher, stated in a telephone message to the Mail this morning that about half of the "pocket" as it is called, is under water. The "pocket" embraces about ten square miles. The Mokelumne River is falling above New Hope, but there is a large volume of water in the basin between there and Georgetown, in Sacramento county, and it must find an outlet in this way. The crops are ruined, both grain and sugar beets. There were between 300 and 400 acres of sugar beets, besides some land being planted which would have made a total of 200 acres of beets. It is expected the water will be got off in time to cultivate the land again for another crop. As soon as the Mokelumne goes down most of the flood water will run off and they can pump the rest out. They can then plant the land to potatoes and late barley. The towboat McDonald is two miles below the levee between here and Georgetown. Her captain refuses to come any further, saying the boat cannot stem the current. The break in Daves Levee never would have occurred if the embankment had been looked after. The top of the levee was five feet out of the water there, but the embankment had been weakened by cutting it, to irrigate. While the rest of the guard were out patrolling the levee Daves was asleep and the levee gave way right at his door. J. M. Kile, the attorney, returned from the flooded district last evening after taking a look at the situation, or rather at the water covering it. "The Sargent Canal tract of 300 acres is from five to ten feet under water," said Kile. "The water keeps, too. In my judgment it will be impossible to get it off before July, which would be too late to cultivate for another crop. Kile says the land was covered with wheat and barley. It would have produced at \$10 an acre clear, and at this rate the loss is \$30,000. The same man reports that Reese B. Thompson and John Thompson have same condition as the land. Kile has 160 acres flooded, and the farms of Messrs. Ray, DeVries and Shinn are also partly overtopped from the same cause. The water will do little damage. It will probably be off in time to save most if not all of the crops. The flooded area lies in the northwestern corner of the county, where there are numerous small tracts. It was originally low land. The small tracts reported yesterday on Barnhart's place, eight or nine miles northwest of Stockton, will do no harm. The unclaimed pasture land of the Morrice brothers, in the southwestern part of the county, will be benefited by the wetting it has received. It is not thought that any of the cattle were lost. The Crockett beet-sugar factory has lost the beets it planted, but will be able to replant as soon as the water is off the land. The streams are falling and the main waterway, the San Joaquin River, is subsiding, despite the large number of feeders it has had the large number of Oakland ranch dairy it fell two inches from 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon to 8 o'clock this morning.

The recent rains have filled up the dirt pits which were being used by Cy Moring, on the upper division of the Richmond extension of the valley division of the Santa Fe, so that he has had to abandon work on that portion of the grade. There is still a mile of grading on the upper division. There will be no delay in the work, however, as the grading camp has been moved to the lower division. Work will be resumed on the upper division as soon as the ground dries out sufficiently.

BLACK INDICATIONS. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN JOSE, March 28.—It is raining in the mountains and indications here, with black clouds and south wind, are for rain.

HEAVY DOWNPOUR. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SALINAS, March 28.—The second rainstorm, which promises to equal, if not exceed, that of last week, set in here about 6 o'clock this evening, a heavy downpour of rain falling at that time. Reports from various points are that the storm will be general all over the county. Several places are in need of rain and the present fall will help the crops. The past few days have been very warm, and the heat has caused the grain to grow finely, and from all quarters come reports that the present crop will be the most bountiful for many years.

NEARLY THE FOOT MARK. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN JOSE, March 28.—It began raining again here this evening at 7 o'clock. As the season is well advanced it is believed there is no longer any danger of cold weather doing any damage, and one of the best crops in the history of

the valley is assured. This evening .06 of an inch of rain fell, making a total of 11.97 inches for the season.

## SHOWERS AT SANTA CRUZ.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SANTA CRUZ, March 28.—Light showers of rain fell here this evening.

## HAWAIIAN ADVICES.

Henry F. Cooper, Attorney-General of the Republic—Stocks Improved.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—The steamer Australia, from Honolulu, brings the following from the Associated Press representative at Honolulu, dated March 21:

"Henry F. Cooper is Attorney-General of the Republic of Hawaii. His commission was delivered to him yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock he was sworn in by Chief Justice Judd. President Dole will now have to appoint Minister of Foreign Affairs to succeed Cooper. An effort will be made to have F. M. Hatch take the position. Mr. Hatch was formerly Hawaiian Minister at Washington. "B. F. Dillingham has almost completed the details of his new sugar plantation project on Kauai. This scheme will be worked differently to any of its predecessors, and anything like speculating in the stock ahead of time will be thoroughly shut off. As how changed the books will be opened for subscription on Monday, and kept open for a week. This fact will be advertised in the papers. Each application for stock must be accompanied by a check for one-tenth of the amount asked for. At the end of the time the stock will be awarded pro rata, the excess of assessment paid being returned to the subscribers. This plan will be altered slightly, but the general scheme will be carried out on precisely the same lines. "The stock market has shown a decidedly upward tendency throughout the month. There have been advances all along the line. Practically every sugar stock has felt it. In some stocks where there has not been a sale at advanced figures the bids for stock are steadily advancing. Ewa has advanced from 280 to 325 since the first of the month. Hawaiian Agricultural has advanced from 225 to 240; Hawaiian Sugar from 185 to 215; Honolulu from 185 to 225; Hukou from 250 to 260; Kahuku from 130 to 160; Oahu assessable from 122½ to 167½; Oahu paid up from 195 to 235; Oahu from 105 to 125; Pioneer from 315 to 425 and Oahu railway bonds from 100½ to 110.

The United States transport Comananche arrived this afternoon less than nine days from San Francisco on her way to Manila. She carries about 300 mules for the army of occupation in Manila. "Several mules died on the trip down. The live ones will be unloaded here and given a chance to stretch their legs, and then will be reloaded. The vessels will be here a week or so. "The gunboat Wheeling sailed for Manila yesterday. "The sale of the steamship Colorado of Seattle, Wash., to Harry Evans for the sum of \$1500 has been confirmed by the Supreme Court. "The failure of Congress to enact any legislation for the islands has had one directly beneficial effect already. It has loosened up a large amount of tonnage available now for sugar that was tied up in the Hawaiian registry question. Several vessels are loading sugar for Atlantic coast ports."

## MINISTER SEWALL.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—Among the arrivals on the steamer Australia, from Honolulu, was Minister Harold M. Sewall. He will remain in this city a few days before leaving for Washington.

## DEMAND WILL EXCEED SUPPLY.

California Fruit Will Find Ready Sale This Year.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—Secretary of the State Board of Trade said today that the demand for California fruit this year will overmeasure the quantity on hand. The reports from the interior show that the prospects are of a splendid character. It is not unlikely that the whole country will look to California for the greatest amount of fruit. "Florida has suffered disastrously from frost. Georgia, which shipped 200 carloads of peaches last year, has scarcely anything to show this season. New Jersey and Delaware, foremost peach States of the East, are in sad straits. Even Michigan has had a hard time, and so have other States, from which a large supply was expected. It is rather too early to say with any approach to accuracy what the California fruits may bring in the States. The local firms have not yet made up their selling lists. Representatives of several prominent fruit-dealing firms confirmed the views expressed by Secretary Fletcher.

## PLAYING WITH LIGHTNING.

Speckels Going into the Business of Furnishing Electricity.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—The Call says that Claus Speckels has decided to establish in this city an electric plant that will be without a rival in the world, and which will furnish to the people of San Francisco light, heat and power almost at cost. In accordance with his plans, articles of incorporation of the Independent Electric Light and Power Company, with a capital stock of \$10,000,000, have been filed with the County Clerk. The directors for the first year are Claus Speckels, John D. Spreckels, Adolph B. Spreckels, Charles A. Hug and W. D. K. Gibson.

It is understood that Claus Speckels will be president of the company, and that all will also be the telephone business. In a few days application will be made to the Secretary of State for a charter. On Monday next the Supervisors of this city will be asked to grant the new company a franchise to operate within the limits of the city.

SEVEN HORSES BURNED. Smoking by Attendants Sets an Extra Car on Fire.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] NEEDLES, March 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Express car on train No. 2 of yesterday was burned near Ludlow. The car was loaded with twelve horses, the property of Barney Schreiber and Dan Hornig, and was bound east. Five were gotten out of the car; one has since died; two are loose on the desert, and seven were burned with the car. Smoking by the attendants is supposed to have caused the fire.

## WEATHER AND CROPS.

Conditions Favorable Throughout the Week—Enough Rain.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—The Department of Agriculture has prepared the following summary of the weather and crop conditions existing in California during the past week: Conditions have been favorable to all growing crops during the week. The temperature was nearly normal and the precipitation abundant for all present purposes. In some portions of the Sacramento and San Joaquin val-

leys the heavy rains caused an overflow of streams, but no serious damage has been reported. Pasture and grain are now in excellent condition in nearly all parts of the State, and deciduous fruits will yield a good crop if conditions continue favorable. In Southern California citrus fruits are showing indications of a heavy crop for the coming season.

## REMOVAL OF HEADQUARTERS.

Pacific Coast Steamship Company to Open at Seattle.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—The Bulletin today intimates that the Pacific Coast Steamship Company will soon remove its general office from this city of Seattle, Wash., and that the shops and commissary departments will also be included in the move. The reason given for the transfer is the increasing traffic on the Great Northern, the increase of trans-Pacific trade and the possibility of greater competition with the Canadian Pacific.

It is said the Great Northern will enter the Hawaiian trade on a large scale, and that negotiations for transfers for this route are now in progress.

## NOT CONTEMPLATED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEW YORK, March 28.—President D. J. Farrell of the Pacific Coast Company said tonight the removal of the general office of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company from San Francisco to this city was not contemplated.

## TO LEASE STEAMERS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SEATTLE (Wash.), March 28.—Owing to the fact that the Pacific Coast Company sees no immediate prospect of securing the release of its steamers impressed in the government transport service, negotiations have been undertaken in the East for two steamers to be put on the run between Puget Sound and Hawaii.

## WALKED OVER A CLIFF.

Death of Casin, a Friend of Ex-President Esquivel.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—A letter from Guatemala, dated March 11, says that Mr. Casin, a friend of Esquivel, the deposed monarch of Salvador, walked over the cliff a few days ago near the port of Acajutla, and was dashed to pieces on the rocks below. Nobody believes that the act was suicidal, though he declined to take food for a couple of days prior to the occurrence.

It will be remembered that Casin made a fortune in Salvador, variously estimated at from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000. He shared Esquivel's exile and participated in the expense of a ship on which Antonio Esquivel and he sailed for California a couple of years ago. Esquivel died in Panama in poverty, and the same fate overtook Casin.

## SEVEN TRANSPORTS BOUND BACK.

Five Thousand Men Can Be Rushed to Manila if Necessary.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—Seven transports are now on their way here from Manila, and during the next month 5000 men can be hurried to the front if necessary. The Hancock (ex-Arizona), is not out twenty days, the Newport nineteen, Warren (ex-Scandia), nineteen, Morgan City seventeen, Senator ten, Ohio blind and Grant four days from Manila, and some of them should arrive soon. The Hancock, Warren and Grant are United States vessels, and they will go back as soon as they can be repaired. The Morgan City and Ohio will be rechartered, but the Pacific Companies will probably have the Newport and Scandia back again for service on this coast.

## Over Oakland's Fast Track.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—The weather at Oakland was fine and the track fast.

Future racing, selling: Horatio, 112 (Piggett) 11 to 5, won; February, 108 (Coburn) 20 to 1, second; Galt, 108 (Jenkins) 30 to 1, third; time 1:12½. Montallado, Don Gara, Elsalado and Espiradon, Ricardo, Potente, Sevo and Roadrunner also ran.

Six furlongs, selling: Juva, 110 (Jones) 9 to 10, won; Yarbua, 112 (Piggett) 8 to 1, second; Naplan, 108 (Thorpe) 20 to 1, third; time 1:16. Fessico, Sidelong, two furlongs, Guatemoc and Royal Fan also ran. Anchored left.

Four furlongs: Loch, Katrine, 115 (Hennessy) 7 to 2, won; Hill, 112 (Macklin) 20 to 1, second; Galt, 108 (Thorpe) 13 to 1, third; time 0:50½. Mountebank, Glissando, Iceborn, Champion Rose and Big Horn also ran.

Six furlongs: Cooch, Billy, McCloskey and Royal Fan also ran. Anchored left. Four furlongs: Loch, Katrine, 115 (Hennessy) 7 to 2, won; Hill, 112 (Macklin) 20 to 1, second; Galt, 108 (Thorpe) 13 to 1, third; time 0:50½. Mountebank, Glissando, Iceborn, Champion Rose and Big Horn also ran.

## KENO-PLAYERS ARRESTED.

SUITSIN, March 28.—For some time steps have been taken to close the gambling games conducted in Vallejo, and last night Sheriff Savage and Constables Blessing and Fleming determined that the law should be enforced. Consequently they raided the Waldorf gambling rooms, arresting a number of men who were playing keno, and summoned the Sacramento others who were present, to testify as witnesses. The parties arrested were Charles Hobbs, J. T. Murphy and J. Davis, all of whom were liberated on bail.

## THE NEW MOSES.

Ja Sterling Morton Will Lead the Tribes to Politics.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] CHICAGO, March 28.—A special dispatch to the Tribune from Omaha credits J. Sterling Morton with the intention of forming a new political party, which he declares will be the greatest political organization since the formation of the Republican party.

Discussing the proposed new party, Mr. Morton says: "We have the utmost faith in the plan. The party will be organized on the Fourth of July, and will stand for conservatism, preeminently. No doubt the platform will contain some elements common to all parties, but the keynote will be conservatism. There is a vast field for the new party's operations. Before July 4 a call will be issued outlining the plan, and it will be signed by men of national fame and of tried political worth."

## Twenty Thousand in Ruena Cases.

LONDON, March 28.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Vienna says there are 20,000 cases of influenza in the city of Brunn, capital of the province of Moravia, Austria, and that the death rate is enormous.

## ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Terminal Site Transferred.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—The San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley Railroad Company has transferred the terminal site at Spear and Harrison streets and the property adjoining. Taking the revenue stamps attached to the deed as a basis for the price of the property, \$378,000 was paid by the railway company for its terminus in this city.

## SURE TO BE ADVANCED.

SAMPSON AND OTHER OFFICERS DULY PASSED UPON.

Naval Board of Promotion Has Reported Favorably on All Those Appointed—Capt. Day Now Becomes a Rear-Admiral.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, March 28.—The naval board of promotion, consisting of Rear-Admirals McNair, Howell and Howison, completed its work today, and submitted its report. The board was convened to determine the qualifications of those officers recently advanced to the rank of rear-admiral under the terms of the naval personnel bill. The report passes favorably on all the officers appointed, so that all questions of their advancement is removed. The list is as follows:

Rear-Admirals George C. Remy, Norman H. Farquhar, John C. Watson, Henry R. Robeson, Edwinfield S. Schley, Silas Casey, William T. Sampson, Bartlett J. Cromwell, John W. Philip, Francis J. Higginson, Henry F. Freese, Frederick Rodgers, Louis Kempff, George W. Sumner.

In addition to these favorable action was taken on Capt. Benjamin F. Day, whose formal promotion to the rank of rear-admiral by appointment of the President, has not yet been made. The retirement today of Rear-Admiral Robeson caused a rear-admiral, which makes Capt. Day's promotion.

The report of the board is now to be approved by the judge-advocate-general, and by the Secretary of the Navy, which, however, is a mere formality. It was stated authoritatively that it did not contain a word regarding the respective merits of Rear-Admiral Schley or Rear-Admiral Sampson.

## HOWISON'S NEXT DUTY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, March 28.—Rear-Admiral Howison, on completion of his duties as a member of the examining board in this city, will proceed to the Chicago at Norfolk and hoist his flag as commander-in-chief of the South Atlantic station.

## MIGHT AT DOLOMITE.

TWO WHITE MEN SHOT BY NEGRO MINERS.

Sheriff O'Brien Arrests Thirty-five of the Lawless—Ringleaders are Members of the Third Alabama Regiment.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] BIRMINGHAM (Ala.), March 28.—The trouble at Dolomite, where negroes resented the arrest of one of their number, because he declined to resist arrest, was resumed today. Mack Chambers and another white man were shot at long range and wounded. Sheriff O'Brien has made thirty-five arrests. The ringleaders are discharged members of the Third Alabama (colored) Regiment, who have advised the negro miners not to submit to arrest. Work has been resumed at the mines with a strong force of deputies on guard.

Quay "All Same" Burns. HARRISBURG (Pa.), March 28.—An informal conference of friends of Senator Quay was held tonight at the Executive Mansion to discuss the situation. Senator Penrose was present. It was decided that Quay would remain a candidate for United States Senator, and if there is no election by the present Legislature, he will submit the question to the people in the election of members to the Legislature, two years hence.

## Vermont's Great Industry Ruined.

CHESTER (Vt.), March 28.—The maple-sugar harvest in Vermont is believed to be a total failure this year, and if the worst fears of the sugar-makers are realized, the industry will be crippled for many years to come. The sugar orchards were stripped of leaves last summer by an army of caterpillars, and this spring the trees are found to be sapless.

Coal Mines on Lookout Mountain. CHATTANOOGA (Tenn.), March 28.—Work has begun on coal mines on top of Lookout Mountain, just across the Georgia line. A large party with tents and camping outfits have gone to locate the best veins and make openings. Work on a railroad to the mines will commence soon.

The Big Store's stock of over a quarter of a million dollars, together with the carloads of Spring Goods arriving, give you the maximum choice of style, material and fit, in Shoes, Clothing, Hats and Furnishings for Man or Boy and Shoes for Ladies and Children and the

## FLOOD SALE

Gives you the minimum price. Flood Sale prices are low prices, lower than they have ever been—here or anywhere.



## "Hanan's Shoes."

The best that the world's best shoemakers can make for gentlemen's wear are "Hanan & Son's" Shoes for men.

"Fit, Style, Wear Beyond Compare."

We are Sole Agents. Spring Styles are here.

## "Young's Hats."

You know 'em. If not, the quicker you become acquainted the better it will be for your appearance sake.

"There's a finish to a Young's Hat that makes them stand alone."

Young's newest shapes and colors are ready for you at the Big Store.

## JACOB BROS., The Store that Lives up to It's Advertising. 128 to 138 N. Spring St.

**Herbal Remedies**

Drive poison out of your system. Operations prevented by taking Dr. Wong's Vegetable Compound. Nominally used. The secret of his success is that he cures the people. Medicine is discarded to any address.

**DR. WONG.** PULSE DIAGNOSIS.

Office and Sanitarium, 718 SOUTH MAIN ST.

**BROWN'S** Bronchial Troches

the popular cure for

**IRRITATED THROATS.**

Fac-Simile Signature of *John A. Brown, Jr.* on every box.

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[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] BIRMINGHAM (Ala.), March 28.—The trouble at Dolomite, where negroes resented the arrest of one of their number, because he declined to resist arrest, was resumed today. Mack Chambers and another white man were shot at long range and wounded. Sheriff O'Brien has made thirty-five arrests. The ringleaders are discharged members of the Third Alabama (colored) Regiment, who have advised the negro miners not to submit to arrest. Work has been resumed at the mines with a strong force of deputies on guard.

Quay "All Same" Burns. HARRISBURG (Pa.), March 28.—An informal conference of friends of Senator Quay was held tonight at the Executive Mansion to discuss the situation. Senator Penrose was present. It was decided that Quay would remain a candidate for United States Senator, and if there is no election by the present Legislature, he will submit the question to the people in the election of members to the Legislature, two years hence.

Vermont's Great Industry Ruined. CHESTER (Vt.), March 28.—The maple-sugar harvest in Vermont is believed to be a total failure this year, and if the worst fears of the sugar-makers are realized, the industry will be crippled for many years to come. The sugar orchards were stripped of leaves last summer by an army of caterpillars, and this spring the trees are found to be sapless.

Coal Mines on Lookout Mountain. CHATTANOOGA (Tenn.), March 28.—Work has begun on coal mines on top of Lookout Mountain, just across the Georgia line. A large party with tents and camping outfits have gone to locate the best veins and make openings. Work on a railroad to the mines will commence soon.

## Men's Furnishings.

LOT 508. THE MEN'S HOSIERY—Twenty-five cent line thread, fancy hose, with three ply heels and toes. 12½c

LOT 844. \$1.00 SHIRTS—Dollars shirts with fancy colored bosoms and cuffs to match. Styles as well as you'll find anywhere at a dollar. 66c

LOT 699. THE SILK HANDKERCHIEFS—Pure white silk, 25-in. handkerchiefs with one inch hemstitch and embroidered initial. The everywhere excepting at the Flood Sale. 38c

LOT 817. 50c and 75c TIES—Silk and Satin Puffs, Ties, Four-in-hands and Flowing Ends. Easter ties for Easter week at a Flood Sale price. 39c

## Men's Clothing.

LOT 603. \$7.50 MEN'S SUITS—Suits with all of the style, fit and quality you'll find anywhere at seven-fifty. 39c

LOT 604. \$8.50 MEN'S SUITS—Black, blue, brown, gray, solid colors, plaids and mixtures. Stylish serviceable chevrons, none were less than eight-fifty until the Flood Sale. \$4.68

LOT 605. \$12.50 MEN'S SUITS—These twelve fifty suits are made of strictly all wool chevrons in ten different patterns. They are single and double breasted suits. \$6.89

LOT 606. \$15.00 MEN'S SUITS—Made, lined and tailored as modern fifteen dollar suits ought to be. The clay worsteds in round and square cut sack styles and three button cutaway. \$9.37

We are Sole Agents.

## Ladies' Shoes.

The equal of any five dollar shoe and the peer of any at a lower price. Comfortable—with an airy, easy grace of outline—that makes them pleasing to the eye and a comfort to the foot. No sacrificing of comfort for style—no lack of style for the sake of comfort. That is and ought to be a sought-for combination.

Hand turns or hand welts, lace or button silk vesting or kid tops in all the new toes. Dame Fashion dictates any style at one price \$3.50.

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actively as bees go to honey  
e more women—hence our

"Sweetmeats" that'll keep

## Read It!

day Afternoon in the

ed by all the distinguished  
Paris are reproduced and  
discrupulous enough to buy  
astonished at finding them

### NOVELTIES.

exhibit of easy prices! Handkerchiefs. Ribbons.

Handkerchiefs.	
Ladies' lace edge Handkerchiefs; good quality lawn each.....	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> <sup>c</sup>
Ladies' Handkerchief, fine cambric hem-stitched, same are trimmed with neat Valenciennes lace, others are embroidered with fancy flower effects, choice for.....	5 <sup>c</sup>
50 dozen Ladies' Handkerchiefs, a like value of lawn, embroidered and trimmed with Valenci- ennes lace, another assort- ment has scalloped edges.....	10 <sup>c</sup>
An immense line of Ladies' Hand- kerchiefs in fine lawns and pure lilies, embroidered and scalloped edges, an extra fine choice of nat- terns, Easter price.....	25 <sup>c</sup>

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Second and Spring.

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## Reading...

ool Fancy Novelty Dress  
full 40 inches broad. Hand-  
sorché effects in four color-  
Splendid quality, equal to  
o cent fabric.

n Corner **25c**


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RED VELVETEENS — Six  
tint shades, 22 inches wide  
less trimming, binding, chair  
c. Regular **25c**

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black Sateen, with wide  
s. Full width, shoe string

**45c**



Linen  
a hem-  
inches.

**12c**

n Sale Continues  
Week.

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# 25c

245 South Spring.

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**Bell Telephone Business.**

BOSTON, March 28.—The annual meeting of the American Bell Telephone Company was held here today. No change was made in the list of directors. Secretary Charles Hubbard and Treasurer W. R. Dwyer were re-elected. The annual report of the treasurer showed the earnings for 1938 to have been \$5,345,701, as against \$5,130,844 for 1937. The expenses for 1938 were \$1,054,734, against \$961,170 for 1937, and the net earnings \$4,290,966, against \$4,169,674 for 1937. Regular dividends paid out in 1937 were \$2,106,356, an increase of \$106,453; extra dividends in 1938, \$776,589, an increase of \$23,545.

**San Jose Bank Meeting.**

SAN JOSE, March 28.—A meeting of the directors of the Union Savings Bank was held today. C. F. Braslian, Commissioner, called the affairs of the institution were turned over to them. So the directors are waiting for such notice. An official of the bank says the institution will resume at once if the stockholders will care for the Howard debt. There are no prospects



## PERSONAL

**Business.**

**PERSONAL—GEO. A. RALPHS—GOLD BAR Flour, \$1.19; City Flour, 35c; pkg. Coffee, 10c; granulated Sugar, 19 lbs., \$1; 2 cans Tomatoes, 25c; 1 can Corn, 10c; 1 can Soda, 25c; 7 cans Deviled Ham, 25c; 10 lbs. Corn Meal, 15c; 5 bars Gold Medal Borax Soap, 25c; 10 lbs. Lard, 50c; 10 lbs. Oats, 25c; 2 cans Salmon, 25c; 1-lb. can of Beef, 10c; 7 lbs. bulk Starch, 25c; 6 boxes Sardines, 25c; 1 can Ham, 25c; 1 can Beans, 25c; 10 lbs. Baking Powder, 25c; Lard, 10 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs. Beans, 25c; 601 S. SPRING ST., cor. 15th and 16th.**

**PERSONAL—BLUE RIBBON GROCERY, 449 S. Spring, Tel. M. 728, 50 lbs. Blue Ribbon Flour, \$1.10; 60 lbs. Quail flour, \$1; 50 lbs. Apple, \$1.00; 50 lbs. Raisins, 25c; 5 lbs. rolled oats, 25c; 10 lbs. Flake, 25c; 10 lbs. Corn, 25c; 10 lbs. crackers, 50c; 5 lbs. rice, 25c; 5 gal. oil, 70c; 5 gal. gasoline, 50c; Rex hams, 10 lb.; Rex corn, 10c; 10 lbs. Lard, 50c; 10 lbs. Oats, 25c; 2 cans Soda, 25c; 2 cans sardines, 25c; 6 cans deviled ham, 25c; 19 lbs. sugar, \$1.**

PERSONAL — LOW MARGIN CASH GROCERY, 634 S. Main. Phone green 1764. Eastern hams, 10c lb.; 5½ lbs. rice, 7 lbs. hominy, 8½ lbs. oats, 11½ lbs. wheat, 4 cans salmon, 4 cans peas or 7 cans sardines, 25c; 10-lb. box macaroni, 45c; table syrup or molasses, 10c qt.; honey, 20c qt.; 10½ lbs. beans or 7 lbs. starch, 25c; gas, 80c; oil, 65c; Challenge, with 65c; 100¢, 100¢.

**PERSONAL**—MRS. PARKER, PALMIST,  
Feeling, business, law suits, removals,  
travels, mineral locations described, prop-  
erty, speculations, love, health and all af-  
fairs of life. 414 1/2 S. SPRING ST., room 3.

**PERSONAL**—MME. LOE, PALMIST and  
life readings, are of the highest order. She  
advises you the proper course to pursue in  
business and family affairs. 655 S. SPRING.

**PERSONAL**—MRS. FAIRBANKS, JUST AR-  
rived, rapidly increasing in popularity and palmist-  
try; Rooms 16-17, 420 S. MAIN.

**PERSONAL**—MEDICAL ELECTRICIAN,  
specialist; lady attendant. 618 W. EIGHTH.

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**PATENTS**  
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Downey Block. HAZARD & HARPAM.

**LOST, STRAYED—**  
**And Found.**  
**STOLEN — REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR**  
information leading to the return of delivery wagon and harness taken Saturday night from cor. Sixth st. and Grand ave.; wagon painted black, end springs, hung from top of axle; harness nearly new. Address F, box 34, **TIMES OFFICE.** 29

watch on Broadway or Spring, bet. Third and Fifth; No. 3,273,614 movement; reward. CHAS. H. BROWN, 325½ S. Broadway. 29

**LOST-GLASS MARTEN FUR CAPE WITH**  
 white gloves in pocket. Finder will receive  
 \$100.00 reward by returning same to  
 TIMES OFFICE. 29  
**FOUND-A DARK BAY HORSE STRAYED**  
 to my place; owner can have same by pay-  
 ing \$100.00. Address F. A. YORBA, Pub-  
 lic Station, Cal. 29  
**LOST-FEMALE FOX TERRIER ANSWER-**  
 ing to name of Belle, brown eyes; ears with  
 white tips. Reward if returned to 813 W.  
 28th St. 29  
**LOST-ON SUNDAY, MARCH 25, A LADY'S**  
 brooch, oriental topaz, gold setting; suitable  
 reward. Return to 2652 ORCHARD AVE.,  
 Los Angeles. 30  
**LOST-2 SOLITAIRE DIAMOND STOCKPINS**

ST. 30  
LOST—ON SUNDAY LAST, A PAIR OF EYE-  
glasses in leather belt case. Finder return

to 312 HENNE BLOCK and receive reward, 29

LOST—SMALL GOLD SHIELD with DIAMOND mounting; suitable reward. CAPT. MEYLER, 516 Laughlin Bldg. 29

STRAYED—FROM SOMONA. BAY PONY, 10 months old, made no reward for information. FRANKENDALL, 103 S. Thomas st. 29

LOST—SET of BLUE-PRINT PLANS FOR a four room house. Please return to 915% Third FLE ST. Reward. 29

LOST—BRINDLE GREYHOUND, FEMALE. Return to 1629 M'GARRY ST. and receive reward. 29

**LIVE STOCK WANTED—**

WANTED—A HORSE, WEIGHING 900 to 1000 lbs., that will show a 5-minute road and run, young, stylish, sound and gentle, city broke, safe for ladies; state full particulars and price to J. S. SUTHERLAND, 222 Newmarket, address G, box 9, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—HORSE TO PASTURE, THIS MORNING, 1000 to 1500 lbs., California, 10 to 15 miles from city; for particulars ring up TEL. MAIN 381. 29

and buggy for keep of horse during winter; purchase later if satisfactory. GRAY,  
142 S. Main st. 29

city limits \$2.50 monthly; horses called  
for. 1701 TEMPLE. Tel. main 575. 3

**WANTED** — 100 CATTLE TO KEEP ON  
shares; plenty good feed. Address P. box  
26, TIMOTHY, OREGON. 2

**WANTED—A GOOD FAMILY HORSE FOR**  
the feed, to a responsible party, 711 TEM-  
PLE ST. 29

**WANTED** — BELGIAN HARES FOR DOGS  
and young, 1722 S. FLOWER ST., L. A. 23

**WANTED—4 PACK ANIMALS AND DRIVER.**  
BAKER IRON WORKS, 2

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Schools, Colleges, Private Tutoring.  
LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE, 111 W.

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**WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE**, 226 S. Spring St. (Stowell Block). The recognized leading commercial school in Southern California. Offers day and night sessions and class instruction in all commercial branches, English, shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, and stenography. Catalogue free. Write or call for descriptive catalogue.

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**PHILLIPS-JUDSON PERSONALLY CONDUCTED** excursions, via Denver and Rio Grande, to the famous tourist resorts of the West.

rates; quick time; best service. Office 130  
W. SECOND ST., Wilcox Bldg.  
**ROCK ISLAND ROUTE - PERSONALLY.**

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ver and Rio Grande, every Tuesday; south-  
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Office 214 S. SPRING ST.

**BEKIN AND SONS, LUMBER AND SHIP HOUSE**,  
had goods to sell at points in any quantity,  
at reduced rates. 436 S. SPRING. Tel. M. 13.

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**MISS STAFFER, 254 S. B'WAY. TREATS**  
STIFF JOINTS, latest electric baths. T. in 732.

**CHIROPODY AT VACY STEER'S HAIR**  
PARLORS, 124 W. Fourth st.

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TO LET-BERRY RANCH, 4120 CENTRAL  
AVE. 30

**MACHINERY—**  
**Mechanical Arts.**  
 FOR SALE—PIPE TOOLS, STAKES, PIANO  
 punch, 2 sets trolley ways, steel ropes and  
 cables. 115 S. BROADWAY.  
**FULTON ENGINE WORKS, FOUNDERS**  
 and machinists, cor. Chavez and Ash sts.  
**IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 950**  
 to 966 BUENA VISTA ST.







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The Los Angeles Times

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**THE RICKARD BILL.**  
 Information comes from Sacramento to the effect that Gov. Gage has affixed his official signature to the Rickard Bill, which provides for the arrangement of the names of candidates, on election ballots, in parallel columns, under the headings of their respective parties, instead of placing the names of the candidates for each office in a group, followed by the name of the party or parties nominating them. The signature of the Governor makes the Rickard Bill a law of the State, and its provisions must be adhered to until the law is repealed, as it probably will be at the next session of the Legislature.

As THE TIMES has heretofore pointed out, the provisions of this new measure are mischievous, in that they tend to minimize the influence of the independent voter, to make dishonest voting easier, to encourage careless voting, to place a premium upon illiteracy, and to aid rather than discourage the machinations of machine politicians, bosses, and corruptionists. Under the plan of arrangement which has for some years been in use, the voter was obliged to scan each name on the ballot in order to vote intelligently. Under the Rickard act he has only to place a cross over the column containing the names of one party or another, in order to vote the "straight" ticket of that party. This method of voting will render the identification of purchased ballots easier for the purchaser or his agents—and will favor the election of bad men who may chance to get nominated on a party ticket, as many voters who would otherwise refuse to vote for such men will not take the trouble to discriminate against them, but will save themselves the work of voting for candidates separately, by making a cross over the head of their party ticket.

The law which has been in operation in California for some years past was in most respects satisfactory. Some amendment was needed in the sections prescribing the method of counting the ballots, in order that the result of the vote might be ascertained with as little delay as possible after the closing of the polls. But the Rickard act is an amendment of the law in the wrong direction, and it should not be permitted to stand as the law of the State.

It is not at all to the credit of Gov. Gage that he has given his official sanction to this mischievous measure, which is clearly in the interest of political trickery and against the interests of clean politics.

**WATSON'S PLATFORM.**  
 In answer to the inquiry of an anxious fellow-Democrat, Col. Henry Watson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, sets forth the policy which, in his opinion, the Democratic party should pursue in order to be successful in the next campaign. In the first place, Col. Watson would "clear the ground," by throwing out "the debris of Populism" which has accumulated among the general mass of Democratic wreckage. This is rather rough on Bryan, Altgeld, Jones, and other so-called Democratic leaders, who are so tainted with the "debris of Populism" that it is exceedingly hard to tell where Populism leaves off and Democracy begins. But let that pass.

Col. Watson would have the Democratic party accept, in 1900, the verdict of the people on the currency question, rendered in 1896. This advice is obviously sound, and the national Democratic party will indeed be wise if it governs itself accordingly, in the construction of its campaign platform in the year 1900.

Again Col. Watson tenders sound advice when he recommends that the verdict of the Spanish war, the acquisition of territory, and the elevation of the American Union into a world-power shall be recognized as issues which are settled beyond appeal. He would, he declares, follow the example set by Jefferson in dealing with newly-acquired territory, and be governed by the events of the future in determining the future policy respecting these acquisitions.

Coming to more specific terms, Col. Watson recommends that the Democratic party should go before the country on the following propositions involving domestic issues:

"1. The destruction of combinations of capital designed to limit production, to raise prices, and to promote monopoly.  
 "2. The raising of the public moneys by taxes fairly divided between production and consumption, beginning with a tariff for revenue only, and ending in a graduated income tax, oppressive to no class or interest.  
 "3. The recovery to the people of all franchises belonging to the people,

but diverted from public to private uses by their purchase by corporations and individuals, corruptly working through State and municipal Legislatures.  
 "4. Such a reorganization and reform of our judicial system as will remove the courts further from the influence of the rich and make them more accessible to the poor—a result not to be reached by excited appeals and revolutionary measures, but by calm, conservative methods, originating in the benign and orderly operations of an enlightened public opinion."

This isn't a bad platform, by any means. If the national Democratic party would have the courage and good sense to adopt a declaration of principles in accordance with Col. Watson's suggestions, it would have at least a fighting chance of success in the campaign of 1900. But there is not even a remote probability that it will do so. Bryanism, Altgeldism, free silverism, Populism, and other isms too numerous to mention, have got so tight a clench upon the erstwhile Democratic party that it cannot hope to break away from these entangling alliances until it has had at least one more severe trouncing.

**SUGAR AND THE TARIFF.**  
 The wisdom of the administration in deciding to maintain a tariff against sugar grown in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines, in order to protect the American beet-sugar industry, is forcibly shown by the statement of an agent of the Treasury Department, who has been in Porto Rico investigating the sugar question there. He shows that sugar can be placed upon the market in Porto Rico for 2 cents a pound, whereas the lowest cost of production in this country is 3 1/2 cents. The productive possibilities of Porto Rico may not be exceedingly large, but in the Philippine Islands they are far greater, and the cost of production would, perhaps, be still lower than in Porto Rico. The consequence would be, that if sugar were admitted free of duty from those countries, the production of sugar in the United States would no longer be profitable. What a calamity this would be to the American farmer is evident from the fact that a large section of the United States has been shown to be fit for culture of the sugar beet, and that we now send abroad every year nearly \$100,000,000 for sugar, all of which might easily be produced in the United States.

It is reported that the Democrats, in their next national campaign, will demand that trusts be not protected by tariff legislation, and will ask the removal of duty on sugar, in order to attack the trusts with foreign competition. It is all right to regulate the trusts when they go beyond the limits of reason and justice, but to take off the duty on sugar, in order to knock out the sugar trust, would be about equivalent to a man's cutting off his nose to spite his face. The farmers of the United States—and especially of California—are not likely to be enthusiastic admirers of any such programme as that outlined.

**SOMETHING LIKE A DROUGHT.**  
 When we talk about a drought in Southern California—and, fortunately, we do not have to talk about that any more—we know very little about what a real drought is. Advice from Australia tell of a terrible condition of affairs which prevails in that country. Millions of sheep and hundreds of thousands of horses and cattle have died from lack of moisture. The settlers are on the verge of bankruptcy, and men who have been working for twenty years to build up homes are penniless. Altogether it is estimated that 50 per cent. of the stock has succumbed to the drought. In Adelaide, the capital of South Australia, the thermometer went to 168 deg. in the sun.

There are several lessons which we of Southern California may learn from this calamity which has fallen upon the people of Australia. In the first place we, of this favored section, are too much inclined to grumble at trifles. With a climate that is admitted to be equal to anything found in the world, and superior to most, we are too much like the sybarite who complained because one of the rose leaves which formed his couch was crumpled.

Again, we see in the condition of these Australian stock raisers the advantage of diversifying our industries. Twenty-five years ago, had the partial drought of the past two years visited Southern California, it would have meant ruin to a great majority of the people, for at that time the rural industries of this section were almost entirely confined to the raising of cattle and sheep.

Yet again, the Australian drought

should remind us of the great importance of conserving the forests in the mountain regions, whence we derive our water for irrigation. A large part of Russia is just now suffering from a terrible famine, thousands of the unfortunate people being driven to eat bread made from sawdust, and other substitutes for wholesome food. The dispatches state that the loss of crops is mainly attributed to the wholesale destruction of forests in Western Russia.

Southern California has been wonderfully favored by nature, but neither this section, nor any other, can escape the inevitable laws which nature has established. If we desire to retain the blessings which we now enjoy, we should take reasonable precautions to prevent the desolation that has followed in other countries, where reckless and wasteful methods have prevailed.

**WANTED, A NEW DEAL.**  
 Immediately upon the adjournment also die of the late unlamented Legislature, THE TIMES took the position that if the Republican party of California is to hope to succeed in 1900, and thereafter, there must be an immediate fumigation of the Republican premises, or words to that effect—a grand cleaning out of the element in the State Central Committee which has disorganized and disgusted the rank and file of the party, leaving it, as it stands, completely at the mercy of the enemy in the next campaign. The party has been demoralized, discredited and betrayed by its alleged leaders, and there can be no *capit de corps* until a change is made all along the line.

Commenting upon this feature of the situation, the San Francisco Argonaut wisely says:  
 "The only hope for the Republican party between now and the next election is to clean out its Augean stables; drum out McLaughlin, Burns and the hangers-on; to repudiate those party leaders who have been secretly trafficking with the railroad. If the Republican party shall slog out of its ranks all of these treacherous politicians, it may convince the people that it is not a party which is run by the hangers-on. But if such action be not taken, and if its ranks are not cleaned of all these smirched politicians, the party is doomed at the next election to a disastrous defeat at the polls. It will be a Republican Waterloo."

That this is gospel truth, no one with a grain of common sense will attempt to dispute. Soldiers will not follow commanders in whom they have no confidence, and for whom they have no respect, and political parties will not be led by leaders who guide them into political jungles and into railroad man-traps where a Hunting-ton waits to affix his brand.

The Republican party of this State has been disorganized, outraged and debased by the men who should have strengthened it and preserved its honor; it has been brought into contempt by a gang of arrogant self-seekers and political bandits, who would ride into power over the remains of a great organization of patriotic and unselfish citizens who have no other purpose in politics than to see the affairs of the State and the nation conducted by honest, reputable and high-minded men; it has been outraged in the house of its "friends," and if those alleged friends be not thrown out, deposed, removed, and turned loose into the desert of political damnation, then the Republican party of California might as well shut up shop and go a-fishing.

The time for the new deal is not next month, nor next year, but now, when the rank and file of the party is in a mood to be conciliated by a surgical operation that shall cut out of the Republican body politic the cancers of Burnsism, McLaughlinism, Parkerism, Lindleyism, and bossism generally—the little cancers of Los Angeles as well as the raw and ugly affliction that is located in the city of San Francisco.

To the end of a reorganization and disincorporation of the great party of Republicanism in this State, all good men of that ilk should join in demanding the turning out of the festering gang that has, through its fantastic operations at Sacramento this winter, made the word "Republican" a byword and a reproach. Any other course means overwhelming disaster in the great contest that is booked for the year 1900!

The crowded condition of the principal streets of Los Angeles is often commented upon by strangers. A Michigan man, who spent a few weeks in California, writes as follows to the Milwaukee Journal:  
 "I spent most of the time in or about Los Angeles, the commercial city of Southern California. It has a population of 125,000, and by the crowds on the streets you would suppose that it was twice the size of Milwaukee, instead of only half as large. The great retail streets, Spring street and Broadway, are alive with people, and you see more people there in an afternoon than you do here in a week. The greatest object lesson of the trip was right there. Nothing has taught me the needs of Milwaukee like the centralized retail trade of Los Angeles, which brings all of the town together and gives an active appearance instead of tying it up in little knots and dispersing whatever activity there is."

A soldier serving at the front addresses a note to THE TIMES asking that the people at home, in writing to their friends in the field, should be careful to give company letter and number of regiment in addressing letters. The place is of minor importance as Uncle Sam will know where the command is serving, if letter-writers will be thoughtful enough to supply the needful, as noted above. Be sure about this, that the boys' letters, which they appreciate so much, may be delivered promptly.

We assure the esteemed Santa Barbara Press that we have not the slightest desire to prevent citizens of that county from securing free rural delivery, nor would we dream of diverting any money intended for that purpose to the use of Los Angeles. We simply suggested that, while the United States Postoffice Department is extending free delivery into the country, it might be a good thing to furnish free delivery for several thousand people who live within two miles of the postoffice in Los Angeles city, and within what have been the limits of Los Angeles for over a century.

The manner in which the Filipinos prepared their defenses, and the stubbornness with which they fought, show that they are not such tyros in the art of war as many have supposed them to be. The victories won by the Americans have been secured by dint of desperate fighting and remarkable courage.

A magazine writer says the day will come when poetry will not be written, but he cannot refer to Los Angeles. There is no sign of a let up here. Waste basket in this office flooded and rains rushing in on all the railroads with further supplies for its insatiable maw. Guess again, brother.

President Harper of Chicago University is quoted as having expressed surprise at finding two such splendid educational institutions in this State as those at Berkeley and Palo Alto. Perhaps this was a hint that he might be induced to come west and grow up with the State University.

A Missouri legislator proposes a law requiring people to take out licenses and wear tags if they wish to be out after midnight. This is the dogonest proposition we have heard of yet. That Missourian would be right at home in the Legislature of California.

No one need be surprised to hear that the volunteers serving in the island of Luzon would riot if an attempt were made to muster the lads out and send them home. God bless the splendid fellows, that is the way they're built.

Have Perry Belmont and William Jennings Bryan signed a protocol of peace, or has the war news crowded the details of their riotings and ructions out of the newspapers? We just love to hear Perry and Bill jawing each other.

Statesman (alleged) Cosper of Tulare says he went into the camp of Dan Burns in order to break the deadlock, but the only thing he appears to have injured in the smashup was his reputation.

Over in Iowa the Republicans have been winning victories in the local elections to beat the band. This is a sample of what will happen when the general engagement comes on in 1900.

One of these days the war will be over and then Admiral Dewey will have to come and let his countrymen fill him up and make speeches to him, whether he approves or not.

Gen. MacArthur's division continues its penetration process, and right merrily does it proceed to penetrate. And Aguinaldo continues to fly. These are great times at the front.

We are not surprised that the Secretary of War went to Cuba. That boiled beef testimony is certainly most harassing and nerve-racking to some.

Aguinaldo will, say the dispatches, "make a last grand stand at Malolos." You just watch our boys knock the blooming legs from under that stand.

The old stove people are now in a trust, but that is more than is safe to do with some of their infernal stoves that are liable to blow up.

The megaphone as a burglar arrestor is all right, and it shows, too, that any old thing is good for something.

Gov. Roosevelt talked about that beer business just as he did when he was soldiering. We thought he would.

The robber tariff is doing some good work for American workmen these days. "Did you notice it?"

For a peaceable folk our boys seem to love to fight better than any other people on the globe.

"Coin" Harvey is among the also quit. The list is likely to grow to a great, long length.

Mr. Wildman's friend Aguinaldo is being Dan Burned quite a plenty, isn't he?

**HEAD-HUNTERS AFTER O'HARRITY.**  
 I'm a man wid a sowl that's a temple of peace, an' I came to the Philippians to help in persuadin' the Dago to cease bein' a thetreatin' the haythen mean, but what does the dom's black cannibal do but come wid his butcher-knife, A-shakin' his fist an' a-cussin' too, too vulgar, upon me!

Oh, ye'll be murderin', fightin' mad at the ye'll be murderin' the Dago to cease bein' a thetreatin' the haythen mean, to kape for a souvenir. To think of me muck in a wickypup, a-hangin' formin' the wail, Wid me ear silk lined fer a thimble cup—I won't stand it at all, at all!

If the devil's a lookin' for bricky-brac in the shape of a human head, He'll hove better luck if he'll only go back an' start huntin' for cannibal dead. For, sure as me name is O'Harrity, the neighbor of Martin Dooley, Me gun an' the haythen will disagree av he pesters meself onduly.

For me head is me own; the haythen may howl till the wail av the devil is gray, I'll niver O'Harrity, on me dear sowl, will be 'trowin' his tooken away; But av it should iver come down to the pinch—the Emerald Island so green, I'll hove me head rammed in a thirteen-inch an' fired at the Philippians!

JOWELL OTIS REESE (Ojal), Northhoff, Cal, March 25, 1899.

## The Playhouses

LOS ANGELES THEATER. Brilliant, satisfying and entrancing to the degree of enrapturement was the presentation of Georges Bizet's "Carmen" last night by the Ellis Opera Company and the magnificent orchestra under Sig. Seppilli's masterly baton.

The principals were all different from those who appeared Monday evening, the chorus was heard to much better advantage, the scenery, mountings and costumes were, in every particular, handsome and appropriate, and brain, eye and ear were constantly met with new delights. The music throughout, whether it be the solo or ensemble numbers, is sparkling, beautiful, fascinating; the orchestration leaves nothing to be desired; the action is unflagging, and the drama is a masterpiece of the southern warmth of coloring and a vivacious lightness, until the very end when with a dramatic climax the tragedy comes swiftly and with electric effect. In the hands of the very great artists who were in last night's cast, it goes without saying that every smallest detail, both in acting and singing was given its full value, and possibilities hitherto unrealized, beauties in the score never before revealed, were so brought out as to give to the opera added and marked value.

In the title role, Zelle de Lussan was the incarnation of dashing diablerie, wantonness, reckless insouciance, languorous coquetry. She had a throat and mien in the same breath; imperious and seductive by turn, utterly bewitching all the time. Her voice, clear and warm, with full rounded tones, head tones and luscious chest tones, is of wide range, sympathetic in quality and under perfect control in every register. She uses it with fine discrimination, and makes it express every shade of feeling as she does her eyes, her mouth, her hands and her feet. Unquestionably, one of the very great Carmens in the world today, Zelle de Lussan is also an American, in whom every other American may feel a national pride, and pay her the just tribute the homage as an artist that she is just due, and which other nations have been generous in bestowing upon her.

Th brief glimpses afforded Mme. Gadsk as Micaela, whose face and figure were just enough to prove that she is altogether too great to be so small a part. That is, her voice was so perfect before she had sung her first solo; that she is mistress of her art there is no gainsaying, and that her facts make her a prima donna at most she could be but a most telling foil in every way to Carmen. In her song in the third act she had rather more opportunity to display her powers and her triumph was pronounced. Pandalini's Don Jose was a dramatic and artistic piece of work. His voice, although lacking in sweetness, is musical and true. Bensaad, as Escamillo, also showed himself an artist of the first order. Parts of the score were sung in their respective requirements, the choruses were superbly sung; the stage settings were a series of vivid pictures and the orchestra, as on the previous evening, a soul-satisfying delight.

The only blot on the conspicuous success of the evening was the size of the audience. That was undeniably inadequate, humiliatingly small, so small in fact that the local management stands to lose \$1300 as a reward for trying to give the people here the best of the way. The management of the country affords with the single exception, perhaps, of the Grau forces in New York. W. H. Perry has come forward with his usual good sense, in meeting an emergency with a subscription of \$250 toward covering that loss. One or two other public-spirited men have followed the lead of smaller amounts, and unless "there are others" who do likewise, Messrs. Wood and Wyatt will have to pay pretty heavily for gold and silver medals providing a very valuable attraction for the entertainment of the good citizens of Los Angeles, who stayed at home and read their papers and magazines, and took advantage of an opportunity that is not likely to be repeated for many moons, especially in the face of this experience. As for the condition of the visiting management regarding the town and its people, and the report that it will doubtless and with cease spread through the East, well that will be heard from later on.

**COMING ATTRACTIONS.**  
 Commencing Thursday night, "The Pay Train," a great scenic comedy, of which exchanges elsewhere speak in the highest terms, will open for three nights and a matinee at the Los Angeles Theater. The sale of seats for the engagement is now on. "The Pay Train" is a play that contains a beautiful story, clever plot and many novel situations, and it permits of the use of many elaborate stage settings. The company is composed of people of ability and every part of the play is played with artistic skill. A load of special scenery is used.

**LETTERS TO THE TIMES.**  
 [The Times freely publishes the views of correspondents without holding itself responsible for writers' opinions. It writes plainly, state clearly. The space of 250 words, on the average, is sufficient for the expression of an idea. Attention paid to anonymous communications.]

**JAMES WILLIAMS, Soldiers' Home:**  
 In regard to the election of a United States Senator, as quoted by you from the San José Mercury, permit me to say that the same plan spoken of therein was advanced by the National Tribune, published in Washington, D. C., and I read the same in the editorial column of some week in January or February, 1898, long before any reference was made to the matter by the San José Mercury or any other paper, and to my mind is the solving of the Senatorial question, without a constitutional amendment.

**A Rising Young Author.**  
 [The late] Lowell Otis Reese of Northhoff has been contributing some exceedingly good poetry to THE LOS ANGELES TIMES. And now we see that his stories are eagerly accepted and paid for by that paper. We have an idea that Reese does not know how good his "stuff" really is, and is too lazy to find out. But we can predict that if he will but get himself into the way of "boiling it down" a trifle more his genius will assert itself so pointedly that it will bring him fortune and wide renown. Only for the fact that the editor does not consider himself a competent critic, he would prophesy greater things for Reese than that worthy ever dreamed of.

**Prohibitory Circular Modified.**  
 WASHINGTON, March 28.—By direction of Assistant Secretary Spaulding, the circular of March 8, 1899, prohibiting any change in the destination of merchandise arriving in this country under transportation and export entry has been modified and collectors of customs directed not to interpose any objection to the prompt shipment from the ports of the United States of all goods arriving under such entry, either to the destination named therein, or to such other destination as the representatives of the owners of the goods may designate. This action restores the practice under the circular of May 22, 1875.

## COL. EGBERT'S FATE.

Passing of a Brave Man Who Fought in Many Battles.

[Horace H. Egbert in San Francisco Examiner.] For forty years Col. Horace H. Egbert fought in the United States army. He survived the horrors of Libby to fight Chiefs Joseph and Geronimo on the plains of Arizona, New Mexico, and the Spaniards at San Juan, only to die at last in the Philippines at the hands of Aguinaldo's rabble.

Col. Egbert was a fighter. Years of his long service were on the fighting line. Perhaps if he had been more of a politician he might now be four plying an easy position of prominence and command.

When the civil war broke out he was a lawyer in Philadelphia. He rather had been a surgeon in the navy and his grandfather was a colonel in the regular army. He was made a lieutenant and came out of the war with a captain's rank, two brevets and several wounds.

It was at Bethesda Church in Virginia that he was wounded first—Confederate bullets breaking both of his legs. After he had recovered and joined his company, he was captured, taken to Libby prison, exchanged and soon after captured again. This time he escaped and returned to his command in time to fight at Gettysburg. After the war he engaged in half a dozen Indian campaigns where there was plenty of fighting. At Wounded Knee and Pine Ridge, Egbert, then a major, was with his regiment. When the Spanish war broke out he was at Fort Thomas, Ky., as lieutenant-colonel of the Sixth Infantry, but commanding the regiment because of Col. Cochran's illness.

At San Juan, a Mauser ball from a Spanish rifle passed through his left lung, and he was left lying on the field unconscious for hours. The dispatches told of his capture, and that he was killed, but a month later he was



COL. H. G. EGBERT, KILLED AT MANILA.

back at Fort Thomas waiting to be assigned to the Twenty-second Infantry. Afterward he was made brigadier-general of volunteers, and with his new command was ordered to Manila.

Col. Egbert was within a year or two of retirement, and was urged by his friends to resign. He had been stationed lately, to retire. But he did not believe there would be much trouble with Aguinaldo.

Just before the war, Col. Egbert was called from this port. Col. Egbert said to me:

"Gen. Shafter thinks we are likely to have some fighting down there, but I do not think there will be much trouble."

Col. Egbert, when he went into action at the Battle of Manila, did not think there was going to be "much trouble." He had both legs broken by Confederate bullets.

Col. Egbert, when he led his regiment through the jungle at San Juan, and cut the famous barb-wire fence, did not think there was going to be "much trouble." He only saw half of that "trouble," because a Mauser bullet drilled a hole through his lung.

And when Col. Egbert was ordered to Manila he did not think there was going to be "much trouble."

A Filipino bullet ended his life there. Col. Egbert was perhaps the smallest officer in the army. He weighed but 110 pounds, but after you talked with him a while you forgot he was so slight.

The first dispatches after San Juan reported him dead. I was talking with him about this just before he sailed away to fight and die.

"Oh," he said, with a slight smile, "I don't think I shall die. I have been killed in the rebellion I was reported as having been killed. On one of those occasions I was wounded slightly; on the other I was not hurt at all."

By being "wounded slightly," Col. Egbert referred to his experience at Bethesda Church, when both his legs were broken. When he was shot at all, was the time his horse was shot under him, and, being separated from his command, the Confederates captured him and carried him away to Libby Prison.

Col. Egbert's wife and three daughters accompanied him to Manila. His son, James, 18 years of age, enlisted in the regiment as a private, so that he might be with his father.

While the colonel was a fighter, he was a politician, and he saw his junior officers and civilians with nothing like his experience and record of service, promoted to important commands.

I asked him why he did not retire, as he could have done instead of taking the long journey to a tropical and unhealthy country.

"Well, I'm pretty tough," he answered, "and I've managed to get through a good deal. I don't think they will kill me off before my time. Besides, I guess we won't have much trouble down there."

Harry C. Egbert was born in Pennsylvania, January 3, 1839. He entered the service from civil life, being appointed first lieutenant of the Twelfth Infantry, September 23, 1861. April 1, 1865, he was made captain and April 23, 1890, was major of the Seventeenth Infantry. The brevet rank of captain was bestowed for gallant services at the battle of North Anna, and of major, U.S.A., for gallant and meritorious services at the battle of Bethesda Church, Va. He saw service in the field from the opening of the close of the civil war, and in '81 and '82 was engaged in campaigns against White Mountain and Chiricahua Indians.

He was captured and sent to Libby Prison, being exchanged in '62. He was engaged at Fredericksburg, Rappahannock, Charlottesville, Pittsburg, Mine Run, battles of the Wilderness, Laurel Hill, Spotsylvania and North Anna. He was captured by the rebels at Gettysburg and escaped, and was severely wounded at the battle of Bethesda Church, June 3, 1864. He commanded the Sixth Infantry in the Santiago campaign until shot through the body, July 1, 1898. For his distinguished services here he was promoted a brigadier-general of volunteers, which grade he held until 1898, when in the reduction of the army, he was honorably discharged. He was promoted colonel in the regular army July 1, 1898, and assigned to the Twenty-second Infantry. He arrived with his regiment in Manila March 4, 1899, and on March 25 was killed in battle. Horace H. Egbert of San Francisco, is a cousin of the late colonel.

**At New York Hotels.**  
 NEW YORK, March 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] At the Ashland, R. H. Myers of Los Angeles.

## THIS DEVIL'S DANCE.

HUMAN SOCIETY NOTHING BUT A HOLD-UP SYSTEM.

Individual Counts for Nothing and Men Make Capital Instead of Capital Making Men.

PROF. SMALL TALKS PLAINLY.

SOCIOLOGIST SHOCKS A LOT OF METHODIST PREACHERS.

Says Our Economic System Cries to Heaven for Rectification—Gives Pessimistic Views—How It Operates.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

CHICAGO, March 28.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Albion W. Small, head professor in sociology at the University of Chicago, shocked a meeting of Methodist ministers here today with a lecture remarkable for its radical and pessimistic views in regard to the



# The Times

## THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, March 28.—(Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.) At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.0, at 5 p.m., 30.0. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 52 deg. and 55 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 90 per cent.; 5 p.m., 67 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., west, velocity 3 miles; 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 9 miles. Maximum temperature, 55 deg.; minimum temperature, 51 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

## DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.

Los Angeles ..... 52 San Francisco ..... 52  
San Diego ..... 56 Portland ..... 46

**Weather Conditions.**—The pressure is falling from Puget Sound to Central California and Nevada. A depression extends from British Columbia along the Rocky Mountains to Arizona. Cloudy, threatening weather prevails from the Pacific Coast to the Rocky Mountain Slope, and the conditions are favorable for showers by Wednesday.

**Forecast.**—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Generally cloudy, unsettled weather with showers tonight and Wednesday; no material change in temperature; wind mostly southwest.

**SAN FRANCISCO, March 28, 5 p.m.**—Weather conditions and general forecast: The following are the seasonal rainfall to date, as compared with those of same date last season, and rainfall in last twenty-four hours:

Stations—	Last twenty-four hours.	Last four hours.	Season.
Eureka .....	Trace	20.55	23.51
Red Bluff .....	54	19.02	12.03
Sacramento .....	Trace	13.91	8.59
San Francisco .....	Trace	15.35	12.03
Fresno .....	0.4	6.55	4.16
San Luis Obispo .....	14.52	6.06	12.03
Los Angeles .....	12	5.2	5.2
San Diego .....	4.54	4.09	12.03
Yuma .....	1.34	1.62	12.03

San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 55 deg.; minimum, 51 deg.; mean, 53 deg.

The weather is cloudy and threatening over the Pacific Slope. Light rains or snows have fallen in all districts except Southern California. The storm front along the coast this morning moved inland and divided. One portion is now central in British Columbia and the other in Southern Nevada. The barometer continues to fall slowly. There has been a fall in temperature west of the Rocky Mountains and a rise to the east of them. The rivers are falling slowly throughout California.

**Forecast made at San Francisco for thirty hours, ending midnight, March 29:**

Northern California: Showers Wednesday; fresh southerly wind.

Southern California: Showers Wednesday; cooler in northern portion; fresh west wind.

Arizona: Rain in northern portion; fair in southern portion Wednesday.

San Francisco and vicinity: Showers Wednesday; fresh southwest winds.

**The Times' Weather Record.**—Observations made at 1 p.m. and midnight, daily.

March 28—1 p.m. Midnight.  
Thermometer ..... 29.70 29.60  
Barometer ..... 30.00 30.00  
Humidity ..... 92 76  
Weather ..... Partly Cloudy  
Maximum temperature ..... 55  
Minimum temperature ..... 51

**Tide Tables.**—Tides are placed in the order of occurrence, with their times on the first line and heights on the second line of each day; a comparison of consecutive heights will indicate whether it is high or low water.

The time used is Pacific Standard, 24th Meridian W., 0h is midnight, 12h is noon, all hours less than 12 are in the morning, all greater are in the afternoon, and when diminished by 12 give the usual reckoning; for instance, 1h 3 p.m. The data given are for San Diego. For San Pedro, add 2 minutes to high-time and subtract 4 minutes from low-time. For Santa Monica, add 4 minutes to high and subtract 4 minutes from low.

	Monday, March 27	Tuesday, "	Wednesday, "	Thursday, "	Friday, "	Saturday, "	Sunday, "
High tide	5:50 10:20 12:13 21:51	6:1 5:2 10 19	6:1 4:3 10 19	6:1 4:3 10 19	6:1 4:3 10 19	6:1 4:3 10 19	6:1 4:3 10 19
Low tide	1:28 4:28 10:41 16:06 22:29	1:28 4:28 10:41 16:06 22:29	1:28 4:28 10:41 16:06 22:29	1:28 4:28 10:41 16:06 22:29	1:28 4:28 10:41 16:06 22:29	1:28 4:28 10:41 16:06 22:29	1:28 4:28 10:41 16:06 22:29

## ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The trout season will open officially next Saturday, but if reports are to be relied upon, it has been unofficially open so long already that the majority of the trout will be found to have escaped.

The president of Stanford University embodies a good deal of wisdom in his lecture on the fool-killer, but when he talks about expansion he is himself in danger of an attack from the executioner of the universe.

It is to be hoped that under the new ownership the Mt. Lowe Railway property will be so managed as to realize the possibilities which exist in it, both as a profitable investment and as an attractive and popular resort. There is no good reason why it should not meet both these conditions.

The Santa Ynez Argus says a farmer who has a crop of 400 acres of wheat in that vicinity recently offered his entire crop to anyone who would fill his own small barn. Now he would not take "thirty times that amount." A rain which adds 2999 per cent. to a man's crop is something to be thankful for.

The Yuma Sun has now indulged in the practice so prevalent among newspapers in Southern California now-a-days, and has undergone a change of ownership. Mulford Winslow, retiring in favor of J. E. Devine, a newspaper writer who has been connected with the Arizona press for some years past, Mr. Devine will doubtless make the Sun a great religious daily, if there is anything in a name.

The late ungentlemanly Legislature of Arizona is getting compliments all along the line on the taking ways of the members. One member even took the smallpox, and the Florence Tribune says that was about the only thing some of them didn't take. It will be remembered that the chaplain in one of his prayers prayed as a last hope that they might not carry off the Capitol. Next to Congress a Legislature is the greatest field on earth for business opportunities.

## A REVENUE RULING.

Some of the Things That Need not Be Stamped.

In response to an inquiry from J. C. Oliver of this city, J. W. Wilson, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, says: (1) That there is no stamp required on the notarial certificate of acknowledgment to deeds and mortgages, whether such certificate be printed in the instrument or attached thereto. (2) The same rule applies to chattel mortgages as well as to mortgages of real estate, and also to small deeds and mortgages that do not require stamps. (3) There is no stamp tax required on notarial certificates of acknowledgment to deeds and mortgages, whatever the amount involved therein. Section 3235 of the Revised Statutes, Internal Revenue, says: "Regulations made by the commissioner have the force of statutes respecting the assessment and collection of taxes."

## MOUNT LOWE ROAD SOLD.

BID IN FOR VALENTINE PEYTON AND SINGER ESTATE.

One Hundred and Ninety Thousand Dollars the Purchasing Price. Reorganization to Be Effected by the new Owners.

For some time there has been considerable speculation as to the outcome of the affairs of the Pasadena and Mount Wilson Railway, popularly known as the Mount Lowe Railway. The stockholders long ago lost control of the road, and a syndicate representing some of the bondholders got control of it. J. S. Torrence being made receiver. The bonds of the company amounted to \$500,000, each bond being for \$1000.

Six months or more ago some persons began quietly buying up these bonds at from \$25 to \$28 each, it finally transpiring that the purchasers were Arthur B. Cody of Chicago and Valentine Peyton of Danville, Ill., and many bonds were thus secured. Mr. Cody is a young attorney, and is supposed to represent the Singer estate, which held a large block of the bonds. Horace Singer is dead, and his son Charles represents the estate. A day or two ago Mr. Singer arrived here and brought letters of credit for a large sum. It thus being evident that he did not intend to let the road go for a song. He found that A. B. Cody had not been idle, but had secured a large number of the bonds as well as adjudicated claims against the company. Mr. Peyton had been even more energetic, and held a controlling interest in the road. The Singer estate and Mr. Peyton were owners of over six-tenths of all the bonds, leaving only ninety in the hands of other persons.

Under an order of the Superior Court, the road was sold at auction yesterday from the steps of the Court-house, for the benefit of the holders of the bonds and the adjudicated claims. Henry Newby of Pasadena being the commissioner of the court in making the sale and Deputy Sheriff Slater acting as auctioneer. The sale was begun at 12 o'clock.

J. A. Muir was present to guard twenty-five bonds held by the Southern Pacific Railroad, and he made one bid, though it was understood that his company had no desire to purchase the property.

P. M. Green, president of the First National Bank of Pasadena, representing some of the bondholders, made the initial bid of \$100,000. Mr. Muir raising the price offered to \$150,000. Arthur B. Cody, a friend of Mr. Peyton, bid \$155,000; Mr. Green, \$160,000; Mr. Hawes, \$170,000; Mr. Green, \$180,000; Mr. Hawes, \$190,000, at which price the property was knocked down.

Mr. Peyton gave his check for \$20,000 to bind the sale, and the road passed into his hands.

It is understood that the Singer estate will hold the bonds in its possession, and that all other bonds will be redeemed at \$38 each, the prorata price at which the road was bid in. The road will be at once reorganized. When the deed is made out it will be to the Pasadena and Mount Lowe Railway Company, as the name is to be changed in compliance to Prof. Lowe, who built the road. Valentine Peyton will be president of the new company; A. B. Cody, first vice-president; J. S. Torrence, second vice-president and general manager. The other directors will be Charles Singer, W. F. Botsford, president of the California Bank in this city, and Col. John D. Pope.

The Singer estate owns 115 of the bonds, Mr. Peyton has 395, and there are ninety in the hands of other persons.

Valentine Peyton is a man of great wealth. He has a brother, Col. Peyton, who is president of one of the principal banks at Spokane, Wash., and in that section the two brothers have large interests in mines and other property.

Under the management of Mr. Torrence, the road has been doing well. The new owners will at once put it in first-class repair. Prof. Lowe built the road on government land, but by a recent act of Congress the right-of-way for the road and for the hotels has been secured to the new company. This right extends to the top of Mount Lowe, a considerable distance beyond Alpine tavern, where the road now ends. It will be continued to the top of the mountain.

The fare has been very high over the road. Prof. Lowe at first charged \$5 for the round-trip. The receiver has made it about \$3. Mr. Peyton proposes to popularize the road by putting the fare over it within the reach of all classes. He has figured the matter out, so he thinks it can be made to pay a fair interest on \$300,000.

## SAYS HE WAS DRUGGED.

How a Pasadena Pioneer Lost His Way and His Money.

Thomas Banbury, one of the colonizers of Pasadena in 1874, and still an extensive landowner of that town, came in Monday to attend to some land business. He went south on Main street after attending to his business, and stopped once or twice, he says, to have a drink of "light" wine. The next he remembers is finding himself lying in a gutter in a part of town south of Boyle Heights. He had had \$100 in a purse, and this was gone. A valuable gold watch with his initials was not taken. For some time he wandered about until he finally found an acquaintance at the Westminster drug store, who loaned him \$2. He drove in sight late at night at a Main-street hotel and told his story as above. He had an ugly cut over his right eye. Banbury is a member of the family of J. W. Banbury, who, in a saloon fight several months ago, had his jaw broken. The assault on Banbury seems to have been committed in almost precisely the same manner as that on R. A. de Alward, a Seventh Regiment boy, several months ago.

## Nose Nearly Cut Off.

John Kreis, a veteran of the Soldiers' Home, registered at a downtown hotel Monday night. Yesterday morning, as he failed to come downstairs, the porter entered his room and found him lying in his blood, which had saturated the carpet several feet about him. He was a ghastly sight, and soon would have bled to death. He had fallen and cut his nose on the window sill, he said. If he falls again he will have no nose. That witness to the cause and effect of his mischief was hanging by a shred and flapping to windward. He tacked to Dr. Shorb's and had it made fast.

## Working to Save a Filibuster.

LOUISVILLE (Ky.), March 28.—Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter, United States Minister to Guatemala, now in this city, is taking steps to save the life of Churchill Guthrie, an American under sentence of death in Honduras for filibustering. Guthrie was formerly a lawyer at Marshall, Mo. Secretary of State Hay has ordered the gunboat Machias to investigate, and the American Consul will secure a stay of sentence.

AFTER using Hudran I am perfectly well. Mrs. K. C. Taft, Escondido, Cal. Consult Hudran Doctors free, 216 South Broadway.

BEKINS' cut-rate freight office, 406 South Spring. Tel. main 19.

## SWELL HATS... FOR EASTER

IT'S TIME TO BUY A NEW HAT. Drop in and see our special display of new Spring styles. We have the largest and finest stock of \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 Hats in Los Angeles. They are equal to the best \$3.00 and \$4.00 Hats you're accustomed to. We want you to have never worn Silverwood's Hats to get close enough to these to see their beauty and worth. Try us for your Easter Hat.

**SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS.**

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## BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE,

239 Broadway, Los Angeles.  
**WASH GOODS.**  
Complete Stock—Lowest Prices.

**Dress Linens.**  
27 and 36 in. Linen Crash Suitings, natural and fancy colored weaves.  
From 15c to 75c yard.

**Colored Piques.**  
32 in., imported, in woven and printed effects.  
From 25c to \$1.00 yard.

**White Pique.**  
27 to 30 in., fine white Pique, in welts and fancy weaves.  
From 12½c to 80c yard.

**Printed Pique.**  
A complete line of plain and printed Piques, in prices.  
From 12½c to 50c yard.

**Ginghams.**  
18 to 36 in. Silk Mixed Novelities, in light and medium shades.  
From 25c to 40c yard.

**Dress Ginghams.**  
Immense line of foreign and domestic Ginghams, in plaids and stripes.  
From 6½c to 75c

**Madras.**  
32 in. Madras, ranging in prices.  
From 12½c to 30c yard  
The finest quality Madras,  
From 40c to 60c yard

**Galatea.**  
27 in., imported, plain colors, stripes.  
At 25c yard

**Novelties.**  
30 in., silk and lace striped goods.  
At \$1.25 yard

**Percales.**  
36 in., light and dark effects, in the latest printings.  
12c and 15c yard

**CHEVIOTS.**  
32 in. Fancy Weave Chevrots for Shirt Waists, in many styles.  
At 12½c, 15c, 20c and 25c yard

**DIMITIES.**  
31 in., Printed Dimities, in neat figures and scroll effects.  
At 20c yard

Agents for Butterick Patterns.

**H. JEVNE**

**Every Kind of Brush.**

If there is any kind of brush you need for household use you can find it at Jevne's. And more, it will be a good brush, as good as money will buy. Our prices on brushes will be found far more reasonable than good brushes are generally sold for.

**J. P. Delany, South Spring Street.**  
GRADUATE OF N. Y. OPHTHALMIC COLLEGE.  
CRYSTAL LENSES, A PAIR, \$1.

**Smoke Jevn's Finest Cigars.**

208-210 S. Spring St.—Wilcox Building.

**TINWARE THAT WILL NOT RUST...**

Rust proof Tinware is a boon to housekeepers. Those who have used it for the years are the loudest in their praises of it. Wash Boilers, Dish Pans, Milk Pans, Etc., last for years and warranted to never rust or crack.

**Step in and See it.**  
**JAS. W. HELLMAN,** 157 to 161 North Spring Street.  
Successor to W. C. Furrey Co.

**SEEDS, BULBS and PLANTS.**

Now is the time to secure your Seeds, Bulbs and Plants for your garden and fields. All of our stock has been tested, and you are sure to get the right kind, as well as the best quality.

**Germain Fruit Co.,**  
143 and 145 S. MAIN STREET. Importers and Exporters of Tested Garden, Field, Tree and Flower Seeds.

**TOOTH LOSING.** The old method of extracting teeth has made advances of our day—until once my new method is tried. By a simple introduction into the gum of a harmless anesthetic the local nerves are deadened temporarily to all sensation, and in this instant the tooth is removed without loss of senses and without the least pain. The medicine is absolutely free from dangerous ingredients and causes no swelling of gums or bad after effects of any sort. So the only thing to dread in tooth losing is the losing of the tooth—when early care might nearly always have prevented it.

**Dr. M. E. Spinks**  
THE DENTIST  
Spinks Block, cor. 5th and Hill Sts. Tel. Brown 1875.

**Up-to-Date Hats**  
We haven't a Hat that has been out of the factory over thirty days. We can interest the young men who are anxious to be strictly in style.

**NEWCOMB, THE EXCLUSIVE HATTER.**  
120 South Spring St.

**POSITIVELY PREVENTS BALDNESS.**  
Cures dandruff, falling hair, Eczema in 3 applications. Cobb's celebrated Hair Tonic has no equal. This is purely a vegetable compound, free from all poisonous matter. Use no other. Sold by all druggists.

**HOPPERSTEAD, 110 W. Third St., Agent.**  
**F. W. BRAUN & CO., Wholesale Agents.**

**Do You Want the Best?**  
Napa Valley Wine Co. Johnsbushberger, 1 doz. quarts..... \$4.00  
Napa Valley Wine Co. Medoc, 1 doz. quarts..... \$4.00

**Los Angeles Wine Co.,** Telephone Main 1332, 433 S. Spring St.

**Ladies' Skirts cleaned and finished, 50c and 75c; Men's Suits cleaned and pressed, \$1.25.** By our Improved Dry Process. BERLIN CLEANING AND DYEING WORKS, 324 S. Broadway. Tel. M. 675. M. S. KORNBLUM.

**Nauert & Cass Hardware Co.**  
Builders' Hardware, Stoves and Ranges, Tinning and plumbing. COMBINATION OIL AND COAL HOT AIR FURNACES.  
New Location, 412 SOUTH BROADWAY

**DAVIES' WAREHOUSE.** A. G. HALL, Prop., Cor. Second and Central Ave. Telephone M 1545.  
Member of American Warehousemen's Association. Storage and shipping. Packing. Moving, Storage and Shipping Furniture by competent men. Estimates given. Agents for Fall Mail Deposit Forwarding Co., London, England.

No Better Patterns than McCall's

*Couldst Dry Goods Store*

**CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES.**

Now is the best time to select a good supply of Wash Dresses for your little girls.

The styles are new and pretty, the assortment is complete and you cannot afford to sit down and sew when such daintiness and durability is to be had for a little.

Of Percales, in pretty stripes, trimmed with white pique and embroidery, 75c; sizes 1 to 6 years.

Of Zephyr Ginghams, in pink and blue checks, plain and pin stripes, and broken plaids in gay colors, trimmed with nainsook embroidery, at \$1.00; sizes 1 to 6 years.

Of Percales, Ginghams and Lawns, in dainty color effects, trimmed with Valenciennes lace embroidery, etc., at \$1.25; sizes 1 to 6 years.

Of fine Organdies, with beautiful pointed collar of French Gingham, and square yoke of Swiss embroidery, at \$1.50; sizes 1 to 6 years.

Others at \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50.

**COULTER DRY GOODS CO.,**  
317-325 South Broadway, between Third and Fourth.

**Money Begets Money.**

When you open an account with the Union Bank of Savings you are safe in counting the chickens before the eggs are hatched.

You know that your money is at work hatching interest for you 24 hours a day.

Five dollars a week with interest means two hundred and sixty-five dollars a year. In five years \$1515. In ten years \$3518.

Very few realize how simple a thing it is to make money produce money. Save something every week. Put your savings regularly in the Union Bank of Savings, where it will beget interest, and stick to your plan.

In the end it will raise you to ease and prosperity.

Start an account the first thing Monday morning. We pay interest on any amount from \$1 up.

**UNION Bank of Savings**



## THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

## MAY BE REVOKED.

## SALOON MAN IN DANGER OF LOSING HIS LICENSE.

Supreme Court Decision in Favor of the City—One New Case of Smallpox.

## LOCAL IRRIGATION SCHEME.

## ALVINO PICO FOUND GUILTY ONLY OF PETTY LARCENY.

Curious Suit for Damages by a Redondo Domestic—Little Tommy Downes Poses as a Burglar at Compton.

If E. Castellano does not prove to the Board of Police Commissioners that he has disposed of his restaurant next to his saloon by the next meeting of the board, his license will probably be revoked. He had been reported twice for alleged violation of the closing laws, and his defense was by persons to whom he had sold his restaurant. He has been given the alternative in which to show this, the alternative being the loss of his license.

The Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of the lower court in the case of Frasier vs. Rader, in which it was declared that the acts of the Board of Fire Commissioners with reference to the granting of permits for the erection of such structures as blacksmith shops are final, and cannot be reviewed in any court.

One new case of smallpox was discovered yesterday on Macy street, east of the river. This is the first case that has developed in that part of the city.

The Los Angeles Railway Company has notified the Council that unless its offer to pay \$500 toward the resurfacing of Broadway between First and Second streets, it will be withdrawn. The city will not raise the amount of its offer of \$100.

The Public Library controversy has been ended, and no further official notice will be taken of the old board of Library Trustees. The expected charges by the members will probably not be filed, and the new board will take office without any other hindrance than that of its connection with the recent scandal.

The suit of Mrs. Augusta Truman to recover a certain three and a quarter carat diamond, which she avers is her property, and which in some odd fashion legitimately passed into the possession of John W. Young, the Hollenbeck cigar-dealer, is again in court before Judge York for second trial. This time the matter was simplified by a mass of irrelevant testimony being excluded, but the same interest attached to the case, as in the previous trial on account of the strenuous efforts made at identification of the lost gem in open court.

## HIS SECOND OFFENSE.

Kate O'Brien, suing her old employers, Frank A. Seabert and his wife, for \$5000 damages for malicious prosecution. The plaintiff was a domestic in the house of the Seaberts in Redondo, and was accused of purloining certain articles, whereupon she was arrested, the articles were afterwards found, however, the prosecution was dropped. The defense now being set up is that although the articles were found, it was under such suspicious circumstances as to have raised the suspicion of the plaintiff's honesty.

A Pico, who is a nephew of the late Mexican Governor of California, has been found guilty of petty larceny. He was charged with the larger crime of grand larceny, but the jury, after deliberating for three hours, returned the minor verdict. And now the defendant is face to face with three embezzlement charges.

Police Commissioners May Revoke Another License.

Library Controversy Considered Settled—One New Case of Smallpox.

Supreme Court Sustains the Fire Commission—Broadway Paving Proposition Declined.

Unless E. Castellano can show to the Board of Police Commissioners that he does not own the license for a restaurant adjoining his place of business at No. 517 North Main street, by the next meeting of that body, it is almost certain that the saloon license held by him will be revoked. Castellano is one of the many saloon men who had been called before the Police Commission "to show cause why his license should not be revoked," and he had been repeatedly warned that if he was again caught violating the Sunday-closing law, his license would not be worth the paper on which it is written. At yesterday's meeting of the board, his place was again reported for alleged violation of the law. The complaint stated that liquor had been sold in the restaurant adjoining Castellano's saloon without lunch or with out a meal being served with the drinks. In his own defense the saloon man asserted that he had no control of the restaurant, having sold it since he was before the board on the previous charge. The case was therefore postponed, and the police will investigate the sale of the restaurant, and will report at the next meeting of the board.

The efforts of J. E. Clark to secure a transfer from his place of business to No. 510 Macy street, has caused him no end of trouble, and the matter has narrowed down to a point of whether the commission will recognize the possession of the license by a brewery in its own interest, or will revoke the license and grant it to Clark, whom they ordered to have the license placed in his name.

The license had been in the name of Joseph Belohlevsk, an employee of the Miter & Zobelev brewery. Clark was cited to appear before the board yesterday, the closing laws, and was told that he must have the license in his own name. But the brewery firm refused to consent to the transfer, owing to business complications in its deal with Clark for the saloon, which he had purchased from them. Both parties filed written statements with the board yesterday, the brewery firm alleging that all that it desired was that Clark assume the obligations of a lease which it had entered into for its benefit, and to relieve them of responsibility for his actions as to whether he continued in the same place of business or not. He, however, refused to be bound by any agreement that had been made without his knowledge, and

inasmuch as the board had ordered the transfer, he appealed to that body to consummate the deal by transferring the license without the consent of the firm. The matter was argued for nearly an hour, and the board finally took it under advisement. Its decision will be rendered at the next meeting.

A numerous signed petition was presented to the board yesterday, asking that a policeman be stationed at that street intersection, which is one of the most important in the city. The petitioners called attention to the fact that two street railway lines intersect there and that there is always a crowd passing the corner. It was thought that the property-owners that the presence of an officer there was a necessity. Chief Glass protested on the ground that there was already a policeman stationed there, and that his force was being used for crossing guards. The matter was finally referred to him for a report. That report will probably be made at the next meeting of the petition. Some of the petitioners said later that the Chief might take officers from some of the other corners where there are less needed, and place them there.

When the application of Edward Mathie for a license for a saloon at No. 225 South Spring street was taken, a rather curious argument was presented in favor of the granting of the license. This is the place where Peter Bisson, a saloon man, and because of alleged violations of the closing laws the license was revoked. The Los Angeles Brewing Company was interested in the place, and that company is endeavoring to secure a license there in order that it may have a market for its product. The president of the company contended that the license there would not result in the revocation of the license, but that there still existed a license with reference to the same place. This was taken by the members of the commission as a matter of course, and was made by some of the members that although the license had been revoked, they did not object to a saloon there, and that the license should be granted. It was urged that Bisson should have a chance to sell out, and without the license the place would have no value whatever. The license was finally acted upon, but will come up later.

Joseph M. Wilson filed an application for appointment as a policeman, accompanying it was a recommendation from Gov. Gage to the board, asking that he be appointed. The application was placed on file.

The application of William Garms for a transfer of the Innes Bros' license at No. 225 South Spring street was referred to the board. Similar action was taken with reference to the application of J. J. Coulton for a saloon license at No. 325 North Main street. Transfers of licenses were granted as follows: H. H. Harkness, from No. 106 North Main street; Sigle & Krivichoff, of the license at No. 201 East 11th street; Charles Keller, from William Edwards, at No. 508 East Fifth street.

The board accepted an invitation from Miler & Zobelev to partake of a dinner at the brewery at 12:30 o'clock.

Qualified Promptly.

Ex-Councilman Z. D. Mathews, who was elected Monday as a member of the Board of Fire Commissioners to succeed George Sinsbaugh, resigned, was notified yesterday morning by the City Clerk of his election. He at once qualified, and will meet with the board this morning. Mr. Mathews and Mr. Ashman, members of the board, were members of the fire department matters caused their election to position on that board. Mr. Mathews is particularly qualified for the position, as he has had much experience in fire department affairs in other cities.

To Improve Second Street.

Property-owners on Second street between Flower and Figueroa streets have petitioned the City Council to have the street improved. The petitioners are of the opinion that the street is in a deplorable condition, and that it is possible for the Council to have the street improved. The petitioners are of the opinion that the street is in a deplorable condition, and that it is possible for the Council to have the street improved. The petitioners are of the opinion that the street is in a deplorable condition, and that it is possible for the Council to have the street improved.

Mayor Eaton Decides to Approve the License Ordinances.

The new license ordinances, which were adopted by the Council a week ago last Monday, have been in the hands of the Mayor since that day. And yesterday they remained unacted upon. The failure of the proposition to have the ordinances approved at the session of the Council Monday, and the fact that if there are any changes to be made in them, they must be made by the Mayor, and he will not act until he has decided the Mayor in his course and he will not act until he has decided the Mayor in his course and he will not act until he has decided the Mayor in his course.

Will Not Accept.

Council to Decline the Broadway Paving Proposition.

At the meeting of the Council Monday, the property-owners on Broadway between First and Second streets, submitted a proposition in which they agreed to consent to the resurfacing of that portion of the street, provided the city would pay \$100,000, and the Los Angeles Railway Company \$500, and provided further that the Council would accept the street by ordinance after the paving had been completed. This was an offer of but \$400 above what the city had offered, the Council having agreed to pay \$70,000 for the paving. The matter was referred to the Finance Committee, but that committee has not reported upon it.

At the meeting of the Council yesterday, the property-owners accepted the first offer, they will place themselves in

a way to lose either \$500, or perhaps \$1200 of the cost of the paving, if they do not act upon the proposition.

The Los Angeles Railway Company, by F. W. Wood, general manager, yesterday filed a communication to the Council in the office of the City Clerk, in which it declares that unless its offer of \$500 is accepted by Thursday, it will rescind the offer and will have no more to do with the matter.

The communication states that it is necessary that the company at once pave the two feet on the outside of its tracks in order to avoid the inconvenience of the obstruction of the tracks by the loose stones from that portion of the street which remains unpaved. This will leave but one day for the property-owners to accept or reject the offer, and the company will not increase its offer. If the property-owners allowed \$500 to stand between them and the completion of the street, they would not only lose the \$500, but might lose the \$700 offered by the city. He declared that if the railway company withdrew its offer, the city is case of \$700, just what will be done in the matter remains to be seen. Some of the property-owners are in favor of accepting the offer, and others are of the opinion that it is not their place to improve the street.

## SUSTAINED THE CITY.

Supreme Court Upholds a Decision of the Fire Commission.

City Attorney Haas has received a transcript of a decision of the Supreme Court in the case of G. W. Frasier vs. Frank Rader, Mayor, etc., in which the city's contention is upheld and the decision of the lower court is affirmed. The case had been in court for more than three years, and involved the right of the Board of Fire Commissioners to grant or not to grant permission for the erection of a blacksmith shop within certain limits in this city. The plaintiff sought to have the action affirmed, and the defendant sought to have the action reversed. The Supreme Court, in its decision, upheld the city's position, and affirmed the decision of the lower court. The case was argued by City Attorney Haas and by the defendant's counsel. The decision is a significant one, as it establishes the authority of the Fire Commission in matters of public safety.

## ONE NEW CASE REPORTED.

The First Case of Smallpox Develops East of the River.

The official bulletin of the City Health department yesterday shows a continued improvement in the smallpox condition, as but one new case was reported. The bulletin follows:

CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT.  
Los Angeles, March 28, 1899.

Total number of cases from November 1 to date..... 94  
Total number of deaths to date..... 15  
Number of cases now under treatment..... 16  
Suspects reported, exact condition not determined..... 0  
New cases today..... 1

L. M. Smith, City Health Officer.

The new case referred to in the foregoing developed at No. 924 Macy street, just east of the river. The patient is a young man, who has been reported east of the river, and is the first case in the Ninth Ward. The patient is a high school student. He had never been successfully vaccinated. How it happens that he has been going to school without having been vaccinated, the Health Officer was not informed. He left school last Wednesday, and the development of the case is, therefore, such as to make it impossible for him to have given any of them the disease at that time.

## THE FIGHT IS OVER.

Old Library Board is not to Be Disturbed.

The end has been reached in the Public Library scandal, and there will be no further promises of removal of any body from office nor other public action. The case has been settled, and the Library Board will be tolerated until the expiration of its term next Friday, at which time the new board will meet and the old board will be dissolved. The case has been settled, and the Library Board will be tolerated until the expiration of its term next Friday, at which time the new board will meet and the old board will be dissolved.

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## AT THE COURT HOUSE.

## A DISPUTED GEM.

## CONTEST OVER A THREE-CARAT DIAMOND REVEALED IN COURT.

One Result of the Robbery of Maj. Ben Truman's House Two Years Ago—Identification Again the Crucial Test.

The time-worn suit of Mrs. Augusta Truman to recover from John W. Young a certain large diamond, which she alleges is her property, is again before the court. After having once been tried, the defendant appealed and the trial court was reversed, the case again coming before Judge York yesterday on the second hearing.

The fact in the case is altogether exceptional, in that the claim is set up that the diamond in question is the most precious article that was taken when the house of Maj. Ben Truman was burglarized in November 1896, and all of his wife's jewelry stolen; and also that this disputed diamond passed into the possession of Young, and that the knowledge and sanction of the police department, and the assurance that the stone was not a part of any of the jewelry for which the police were seeking a sharp lookout about that time.

Young is proprietor of the Hollenbeck cigar store, and in January, 1897, a man named Miller presented a card of introduction to him from a jeweler named Moore, the card bearing the information that Moore had bought stones from the hearer, and he had given him a receipt for the same. Miller displayed the stone, but Young cut him short and he left, but next day returned and asked Young to make an affidavit for the diamond. The card dealer said he would give \$100 for the stone, but Miller refused such a miserable sum for a stone that weighed over three carats. There being no other offer, Miller kept the stone, but returned later, and closed with the offer made, handed the stone—which at that time was set in a heavy setting—and received from Young the lack of the bank for \$100. Within fifteen or twenty minutes, Detective Goodman went to Young and told him that a man, trying to sell a diamond, had been seen, and he asked him if it was all right. He received the reply that it was, and that the check had been given in payment for a diamond ring. He was then taken to the Hollenbeck store, and the officer picked his ears when he heard of the diamond ring. He was shown the ring, and he said that it was not for a short time, and obtaining the required permission, he went away. But this procedure somewhat disturbed the cigar man, and he hustled out to see the jeweler, Moore, who had sent Miller to him. Upon arriving at Moore's place, he found Goodman, and Moore in conference together. Goodman was reassuring Young, and Moore was reassuring Young, and Moore was reassuring Young.

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## SOUND MONEY MEN.

ANNUAL SESSION OF LEAGUE'S  
CENTRAL COUNCIL HELD.Report of the General Secretary and  
a Letter from Lyman J. Gage  
Presented.

## M. E. INGALL'S RESOLUTION.

HE WANTED THE LEAGUE TO MAKE  
ITS ATTITUDE CLEAR.Twenty-three and Eight-tenths  
Grains of Gold as the Standard  
Dollar—Recommendations of  
E. V. Smalley.

## [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 28.—The annual  
meeting of the central council of the  
National Sound Money League convened  
in this city today. J. Sterling Morton  
of Nebraska City presided. Eighteen  
vice-presidents of the league, who, in  
part, constitute the central council,  
were present.E. V. Smalley, general secretary, pre-  
sented to the central council his annual  
report, in which he said, among other  
things:"The general secretary recommends  
to the central council that the work of  
the league be continued during the  
coming year on the same lines hereto-  
fore followed; that the Chicago office  
be kept open; that the monthly paper  
be continued; and that such documents  
be issued from time to time as may  
appear to be called for by the condition  
of politics and public discussion on the  
money question. If, after the opening  
of the campaign of 1900, it shall appear  
that the platform of no important po-  
litical party contains a demand for the  
abandonment of the gold standard or  
for the issue of any form of money  
worth less than its face value in gold,  
then the league can conclude that its  
work has been accomplished, and can  
safely disband. Such a happy consum-  
mation does not now look as probable  
as we might wish, but it is not impos-  
sible. If, on the other hand, one of the  
great parties adopts again the Chicago  
platform and enters upon a new effort  
to secure the abandonment of gold as  
standard money and the free and un-  
limited coinage of legal-tender silver  
dollars, then the league will have a  
large work at hand, for which it has  
been making careful preparations ever  
since it was organized three years ago."

## FROM SECRETARY GAGE.

General Secretary Smalley received  
the following letter from Hon. Lyman  
J. Gage, Secretary of the Treasury:

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 16, 1899.

"My dear sir: I have to acknowledge  
yours of the 12th, in which you kindly  
invite me to participate in the annual  
meeting of the National Sound Money  
League, to be held in New York, March  
28. My engagements are such that it  
will be impossible for me to be present  
on that occasion. I participate to some  
extent in the belief you express that  
the free-silver propaganda has lost its  
force. At the same time I think it will  
be wise for the sound-money forces to  
hold themselves in line to oppose any  
fresh attacks of the kind which was so  
successfully resisted in the fall of 1896."

Very truly yours, "L. J. GAGE."

E. V. Smalley, No. 740 Monmouth  
building, Chicago, Ill.Several other letters and reports were  
read. They were from vice-presidents  
of the league and other leading uphold-  
ers of the sound-money cause in both  
the Republican and Democratic parties  
throughout the Union.A report by A. B. Hepburn of New  
York was read. Mr. Hepburn stated  
that the receipts of the league during  
the past year had been \$12,300, and ex-  
penditures \$4,500. The expenditures had been  
for the dissemination of literature. This  
distribution would be continued, he  
said, when it was warranted by the po-  
litical situation.M. E. Ingalls of Cincinnati said that  
he believed that the league ought to  
make its attitude understood as to  
out the United States. With a view to  
this he offered a resolution pledging the  
league to favor the immediate adoption  
of legislation fixing 23.8 grains of gold  
as the standard dollar, the establish-  
ment of a separate bureau of issue  
and redemption in the Treasury De-  
partment in which should be held, not  
for current exchange, but for the red-  
emption on demand, of all obligations  
of the government, the issue of all gov-  
ernment paper in denominations of \$10  
and multiples of 10, and that all small  
notes should be silver certificates, and  
that banks should be required to re-  
deem their notes in gold at their coun-  
ters.This resolution aroused considerable  
discussion. Congressman Fowler of  
New Jersey advocated the adoption of  
the chair of a committee with power  
to put it in such form as might be  
seen best to them to present fully and  
adequately the views of the league.This was carried, and a committee of  
three, composed of Edward Atkine of  
Houston, D. E. Wells of North Dakota  
and A. B. Hepburn of New York, was  
appointed to make a report.

## OFFICERS RE-ELECTED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 28.—All the  
present officers were re-elected as fol-  
lows: J. Sterling Morton of Nebraska,  
president; A. B. Hepburn of New York,  
treasurer; C. L. Hutchinson of Illinois,  
associate treasurer; and E. V. Smalley  
of Minnesota, general secretary.Mr. Rogers of Colorado and Senator  
Carey of Wyoming addressed the dele-  
gates upon the conditions in their  
States. Rogers said that in Colorado  
the people are beginning to ask, "What  
for, after all, the gold standard is not  
better than the silver. Another phe-  
nomenon is the fact that the silver  
mines in the last two years have turned  
into gold mines. He believed that the  
time was not far distant when Colo-  
rad would abandon all forms of Popu-  
lism and give up the 16-to-1 issue."Senator Carey, in speaking of the  
conditions in Wyoming, said that in  
the coal mining camps in his State  
generally there was a great interest in  
the money question. He spoke of his  
experiments in three coal districts, his  
efforts to explain the financial situa-  
tion and the excellent results. He be-  
lieved that Wyoming was to be a gold  
State.President Morton stated that Har-  
vey's daily income was \$300, which  
showed that the free-silver people were  
getting to work.

## CRISIS IN JAMAICA.

People of the Island are Virtually  
Taxed to Death.

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 28.—A dispatch  
to the Herald from Port Antonio, Ja-  
maica, says:"This island is passing through a se-  
vere crisis. The Governor is afraid to  
occupy his residence, and if anarchy  
does not break out, it will be entirely  
due to the unequalled loyalty of thepeople. Though the island is taxed to  
its utmost capacity with a tariff of 50  
per cent. on necessities, a weak govern-  
ment, in order to provide funds to pre-  
vent the reduction of its members' salar-  
ies, has actually introduced a higher  
tariff."The salaries of the Jamaica officials  
amount to nearly 50 per cent. of the  
revenue collectible. The people, while  
willing to support these officials, have  
not the means to do it. The home  
government will not permit counter-  
vailing duties, and thus the sugar in-  
dustry is crippled. Coffee can find no  
market, owing to the enormous output  
of the world, and banana-growing is  
the only industry to which the people  
can look as a means of support."Dependence upon even this article  
will soon be impossible. The Boston  
Fruit Company, which controls the in-  
dustry in Jamaica, is confronted by  
keen competition in Central America  
and Cuba, and has been compelled to  
reduce the purchase price of bananas to  
30 cents a bunch, with the possibility  
of a further reduction, if Cuban ban-  
anas should be admitted to the United  
States free of duty. Under these cir-  
cumstances, the cultivation of the  
fruit by small settlers would be impos-  
sible, and the peace of the island would  
be seriously threatened. Jamaica then  
will be driven by the British govern-  
ment to anarchy or, perhaps worse,  
rebellion."The island Parliament is in session,  
and the people's representatives are  
fighting hard to throw out the tariff  
bills as a measure of relief, and as the  
government side is further strength-  
ened by an additional four members  
to outvote the people it will succeed.  
"The whole country is aroused and  
indignant. The Governor is afraid to  
remain at his residence. He is always  
traveling away from it, and today he  
is being a guest of the president of  
the Boston Fruit Company at this place."

## MINES AND MINING.

NEWS FROM THE VANDERBILT DIS-  
TRICT AND OTHERS ADJACENT.Red Rover Has Another Clean-up.  
Shipments from the Azurite.  
Tests of the Stephens Process.  
Sale of the Republic-Mining  
Notes.A Los Angeles railroad man who has  
just returned from a visit to the min-  
ing districts in the neighborhood of  
Manvel, in the northeastern part of San  
Bernardino county, reports that the in-  
crease in the price of copper and  
lead and the improved smelting facili-  
ties have done much for that part of  
the State. "The Ivanpah Copper Min-  
ing Company," he says, "started up its  
smelter on March 1 last, and is now  
turning out about six tons of copper,  
95 per cent. fine, daily. The Mineral  
Plant (limited) is erecting a new leach-  
ing plant at Good Springs, Nev., which  
will have a capacity of 100 tons of ore  
daily. Prof. H. Hirsching of Denver is  
manager, and will begin work inside  
of thirty days. Dennis Sullivan of Den-  
ver is developing the Crescent district  
with good results. Allen G. Campbell  
of Salt Lake has taken hold of the Van-  
derbilt district, and has a ten-stamp  
mill which makes regular shipments of  
gold to Pueblo and El Paso. J. M.  
Hale and Charles A. Sullivan of this city  
have just returned from their Gold  
Bronze mines, and are shipping ore to  
the smelters at Pueblo and El Paso.The new Searchlight district, in Ne-  
vada, is now ready to ship at the rate  
of one car daily, ore gold. At Resting  
Springs are the silver and lead mines  
of C. J. B. Osborn and H. L. Drew,  
whose smelters have been idle for  
twenty-five years. These smelters are  
being started up. They are seventy-  
five miles from Manvel. Robert Young  
proposes to build reduction works at  
Needles. The Keystone gold mine, one  
of the richest of mines, which has laid  
idle in the hands of a receiver for five  
years, was bonded a day or two ago by  
Trustee J. A. Anderson to a Mr. Town-  
send, who begins operations within  
thirty days."ALL THIS TERRITORY IS TRIBUTARY TO  
MANVEL AND THE CALIFORNIA AND EASTERN  
RAILROAD HAS PROJECTED A BRANCH ROAD  
INTO NEVADA FROM MANVEL.

## NEW COPPER PROSPECTS.

J. S. Huston and Fred Carter of Jo-  
hannesburg, and W. W. Tinker of  
Randsburg, own several claims about  
forty miles east of Johannesburg, upon  
which they have found copper signs.They have staked these claims and  
have a man working on the assessments.  
"As yet no copper has been taken from  
that rich gold section," said Mr. Car-  
ter, "but we intend to find whether it  
is a mine for copper or not."Thereby wagon and burro, and there is  
plenty of water from springs. There  
are copper signs on the surface."

## THE RED ROVER.

Another clean-up is reported at the  
Red Rover mine, near Acton, Los An-  
geles county. The result was a gold  
brick worth nearly \$100, and was taken  
from 115 tons of ore. The company has  
only run its mill part of the time on  
account of some very much needed de-  
velopment work that is going on now.Some good improvements are going on  
in the rebuilding of the superintend-  
ent's residence; also a new road to the  
hoisting works has just been made.

## THE AZURITE MINES.

Reports of a very satisfactory nature  
have been received here of the output  
of the Azurite copper mines in Arizona.  
Two carloads of copper bullion have  
already been shipped to New York and  
a third carload is ready for shipment.The first carload gave returns of over  
\$200, and it is expected that the sec-  
ond carload will show even better re-  
sults. At last advices they were  
running through about thirty-seven  
tons of ore a day through a thirty-ton  
bucket. L. W. Morgan, formerly of Los  
Angeles, is superintendent of the mines  
and in charge of the smelter.

## THE STEPHENS PROCESS.

A. G. Stephens, of Colorado, in-  
ventor of what is now generally known  
as the Stephens process for extracting  
gold and other metals from ores, gave  
an exhibition test of his process in the  
office of the Los Angeles Mining Re-  
view yesterday afternoon. Quite a  
number of mining men, assayers and  
chemists were present. The ore oper-  
ated upon was a copper-gold ore from  
the Wahash group of copper claims in  
Frederick county, belonging to Dr. Dry-  
ant of Los Angeles. The result of  
tests made were considered by all pres-  
ent of the most satisfactory character.A piece of ore was crushed, placed in  
a small glass jar into which some of  
the chemical solution used by Mr.  
Stephens was poured. Only a few  
minutes time was necessary to show  
that the solution was extracting the  
copper from the pulverized ore, and it  
was stated by Mr. Stephens that he  
had never yet encountered a copper ore  
from which he could not extract prac-  
tically all the copper contained in it.The process is not a secret one, as he  
informed those present what the solu-  
tion was composed of and how to make  
it and use it. He also showed by it  
how to determine the presence of gold  
in ore.

## SALE OF THE REPUBLIC.

The sale of the famous Republic  
mine of Washington is reported and a  
new company formed to work it. The  
mine was sold to Montreal and To-  
ronto capitalists, and the price is said

## Highways and Byways of Disease.

THE BYWAYS DANGEROUS TO WOMEN.

WOMEN'S diseases have their byways as well as their highways. Many doctors, familiar with the highways of disease, know little of the byways. It is for this reason that Dr. Pierce cures so many women when all the home doctors have failed. He knows the byways of disease. The local practitioner stumbles over symptoms. He classes your particular ailment with the ailments of others. The special difference between your symptoms and the symptoms of other women he does not understand. He treats you for the wrong complaint. It is the understanding of these delicate differences in woman's symptoms which enables Dr. Pierce to effect a complete cure in almost every case.

HALF A MILLION WOMEN have been treated by Dr. Pierce, assisted by his staff of nearly twenty physicians. That proves experience. Ninety-eight women out of every hundred have been perfectly and permanently cured. That proves success.

SICK WOMEN are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter absolutely without charge. Each letter is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. All replies are sent in plain, closely sealed envelopes bearing upon them no advertising or other printed matter. Write without fear and without fee to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Women suffering from irregularity, inflammation, ulceration, displacement, bearing-down pains, etc., should consult Dr. Pierce at once.



## Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG AND SICK WOMEN WELL.

IT IS STRICTLY A TEMPERANCE MEDICINE. IT IS UNLIKE MANY MEDICINES OFFERED FOR THE USE OF WOMEN, IN THAT IT CONTAINS NO ALCOHOL, WHISKY OR OTHER INTOXICANT AND IS ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM OPIUM, COCAINE AND OTHER NARCOTICS.

## HEALTH FOR MEN

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF TREATING AND CURE ALL FORMS OF DISEASES AND WEAKNESS OF MEN. Unnatural discharges, blood, catarrhs, ruptures, piles, sleeplessness and complications resulting from intemperance treatment. Our methods are the most advanced and unlike those employed by unskilled physicians. We do not charge exorbitant fees, and we do not accept incurable cases.

Any physician sending us a case we do not cure or his entire satisfaction we will forfeit \$100.00. Honest treatment. No misleading advertisements, but fair dealing and straightforward business methods.

Our treatment does not contain injurious medicines. We confine our practice solely to diseases of men. Consultation FREE. Call or write. Home treatment is always satisfactory and strictly confidential. Address

DR. STERLING &amp; CO.,

245 South Spring Street, Los Angeles.

benefit the ex-Senator, but the anti-  
denial this, and say there will be no de-  
sertions from their ranks.

## BULGARIA AT PLYMOUTH.

Congratulatory Address to Capt.  
Smidt-Willehad Turns Back.  
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]PLYMOUTH (Eng.), March 28.—[By  
Atlantic Cable.] The Hamburg-Amer-  
ican line steamer Bulgaria, which left  
New York January 23 for Hamburg,  
arrived in distress at St. Michael's,  
Azores Island, February 24, repaired  
there temporarily, and left March 23  
for her home port, arriving here today.The Mayor of Plymouth and the town-  
men presented Capt. Smidt with a con-  
gratulatory address. The Bulgaria will  
proceed to Hamburg, and as it is an-  
nounced that Emperor William has de-  
cided to send the Cuirassiers to meet  
the steamer there.

## WILLEHAD TURNS BACK.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

LONDON, March 28.—The North Ger-  
man Lloyd steamer Willehad, which  
sailed from Bremen on March 19 for  
New York, passing Pralle Point on  
March 21, passed The Lizard today go-  
ing into Falmouth. It is supposed she  
is returning on account of damage to  
her propeller.

## RED MEN ON THE DEFL.

Refuse to Obey the Government as  
to Electing Chiefs.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CORNWALL (Okla.), March 28.—The  
Indians of the St. Regis and Cornwall  
Indian reserves have refused to obey  
government regulations for holding  
elections for five chiefs for a period of  
two years. They desire to return to  
the old custom of electing their own  
chiefs, twelve in number, for life. In  
August last the Indians refused to al-  
low the election to proceed.Yesterday another attempt was made  
to hold an election under government  
authority. Indian Agent Long, Inspec-  
tor Hogan and Officer Chamberlain,  
with an assistant, arrived here, but  
were refused admittance to the build-  
ing where the election was being held.  
The police were assaulted. Long was  
secured and locked up, and the police  
were driven away. Inspector Hogan  
returned to Ottawa to report. One  
third of the Indians, the inspector said,  
were from the American reserve at  
Hogansburg, N. Y. The tribe became  
infatuated with visions of the war-  
path before them, they fought like  
demons.

## Three Partners Drowned.

LEWISTON (Idaho), March 28.—

James McCaffery, a miner, arrived at  
Grangeville today, bringing news of  
the drowning of his partners, A. T.  
Shorthill, Mike O'Brien and Jeff Tur-  
pin, in the Salmon River, four miles  
above Old Wire bridge. The party of  
four were returning from Mallick min-  
ing district, near Buffalo Hump, in  
a boat. Striking very rough waters,  
the boat capsized. McCaffery alone  
succeeded in reaching shore.

## Comprehensive

Our new stock of woollens contains the great-  
est variety of the season's latest patterns.

## Consistent

The prices are consistent with the materials,  
fit, style and good workmanship we put in  
every garment.

## Correct

The styles are correct, both in material and  
make-up, and best of all the price is always  
right.

Samples mailed upon application.

## NICOLL THE TAILOR.

134 South Spring St.















## City Briefs.

The Times business office is open all night and in the morning, notices, etc., will be received up to 1:30 a.m. Small display advertisements may be sent in up to that hour, but large display ads cannot be attractively set if brought in later than 8:30 p.m. Telephone Main 29.

Manicuring, 25 cents; shampooing, 50 cents; hair dressing, 35 and 50 cents; facial treatments, 50 cents; fine switches, expert artists, finest store in city, Mile, Elise, 349 South Broadway.

Hartland Law, M.D., will deliver, by request, a lecture in Music Hall, No. 231 South Spring, at 2:30 p.m., Thursday, the 30th. Subject, "The Marriage Relation."

Henry J. Kramer will form an adult beginners' dancing class Thursday, March 6.

Souvenirs, shells, and wood novelties, Winkler's Curios, 348 S. Broadway.

Smith Premier typewriter will remove to No. 353 South Broadway, April 1.

The Unique makes corsets to order. Dr. Hagan removed to Douglas Block. Dr. Mathis removed to Douglas Block.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for Dr. Leo Cavan, John H. Conrad, W. H. Davis, Mrs. Charles Keith.

The Shakespeare class met at No. 515 South Fremont avenue on Monday at 8 p.m. Mrs. Freeman acted as director, and the questions were on the fourth act of "Romeo and Juliet."

A union meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Los Angeles will be held Thursday at the United Brethren Church, corner Pine and Hope streets. Devotional at 10:30 o'clock.

At the regular meeting of the Bartlett-Logan Post, No. 6, G.A.R., the following members were elected to serve during the ensuing year: Charles T. Derby, Fred W. Stein, Sam Kutz, Henry Glaze and William Young.

Dr. David W. Edwards will speak on the business prospects of the city, and Rev. Hugh Walker will speak on remarkable answers to prayer, at the special thanksgiving services to be held from 2:30 to 4 o'clock at the Y.M.C.A. Hall.

Sandy Collins, aged 12 years, who lives at No. 237 East Fourth street, while attending the Spring street school, while playing with a companion on a bench in the school yard yesterday morning, was pushed off. In falling he sustained a fracture of his left wrist, and was sent to the Receiving Hospital, where the bone was set.

## BEFORE JUSTICE AUSTIN.

Mathews' Early Call-Phillips Heavily Fined.

In the Police Court before Justice Austin yesterday Robert Mathews was arraigned on a charge of disturbing the peace. Rose Norris, a young woman with whom Mathews is smitten, lives at No. 603 1/2 South Spring street, and yesterday morning, between 4 and 5 o'clock he went to her room and demanded admittance. Upon being refused, it is alleged that Mathews kicked the door in and entered, whereupon the woman screamed with such effect that he started to retreat. Policeman Holleran, attracted by the cries, started up the stairs to investigate. He met Mathews coming down and arrested him. In the Police Court yesterday he pleaded guilty to a charge of disturbing the peace, but Justice Austin reserved sentence until this morning at 11 o'clock, in order to examine more witnesses. It is alleged that Mathews met the Norris woman in Riverside, and wanted her to marry him, but that she became afraid of him and refused.

Charles Phillips, who battered ore Stealer last Saturday, and pleaded guilty to the charge on Monday in Justice Austin's court, was fined \$5 yesterday. Sentence was suspended until May 1, in order to give him a chance to get the money.

Beatrice Salas, convicted of vagrancy on Monday, was given a sixty-day furlough yesterday. She said that her parents live at Bernardino and she would go to them if given an opportunity.

William Allen pleaded guilty to a charge of petty larceny. He stole a buggy whip from Arthur Hughes, driver of a butcher wagon, and sold it to one Smith, driver of an oil wagon. Allen belongs to a gang of young fellows who have given the police considerable annoyance. He will be sentenced this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

Alfredo Reyes was arrested Saturday night on suspicion of having stolen a horse and wagon, but upon investigation it was found that he was drunk at the time and merely drove around in the wagon for a lark. Yesterday he was fined \$5 for being drunk.

J. J. Fitzgerald was fined \$3 for driving over the crossing at Spring and First streets at a rapid gait.

Mike Shay was caught sleeping in a barn on San Pedro street without permission of the owner. He will lodge in the City Jail for three days.

Seven ordinary drunks were fined in sums ranging from \$1 to \$5.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO. Will check baggage at your residence to any point. No. 213 W. First street, Tel. M. 240.

REMEMBER the ready. Save your cast-off clothing, beds, bedding or stoves, for poor families of the city. A request is also made for shoes and children's shoes to enable them to go to school. Drop a card to Capt. J. A. Frazier, northwest corner Los Angeles and Seventh streets, and he will call for anything you have to donate.

PAINS over kidneys, liver, eyes, Hudyman cures. All druggists, 50 cents. Consult Hudyman Doctors free, 316 South Broadway.

WATCHES cleaned, 75c; mainsprings, 10c; crystals, 10c. Patent, No. 214 S. Broadway.

MALT Vitro, \$2.50 dozen. Woolacott.

## Lieut. Peary

the Arctic explorer says of

## Cleveland's Baking Powder

which he took with him on his Arctic expeditions:

"Cleveland's stood the tests of use in those high latitudes and severe temperatures perfectly and gave entire satisfaction."

"Mr. Peary considers that there is no better baking powder made than Cleveland's. I shall take it again on my next expedition."

"R. E. PEARY, U.S.N."

Cleveland Baking Powder Co., New York

## BANG POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Made from most highly refined grape cream of tartar.

Makes pure, delicious, wholesome food.

## BETHEL ADULTERY CASE.

Both Defendants Held to Answer to the Superior Court.

The preliminary examination of Luth and Mrs. Lillian Peaslee on a charge of adultery, which was begun before Justice Austin on March 25 and continued in order that the attorney for the defense might secure the attendance of Judge J. R. Aiken of San Francisco as associate counsel, was resumed yesterday morning.

As on the previous examination the public was excluded at the request of the defense under the rule which allows them that privilege. The witnesses examined were Miss Temple, who conducts the lodging-house at No. 225 South Hill street, where the defendants lived for some time as man and wife; Mrs. McKee, a lodger; Mr. Fisch, who said the defendants groceries; Mr. Keister, who sold them meat; P. C. Sumner of the San Gabriel Electric Company; Mrs. F. Host, a restaurant keeper; J. L. Clark, an electrician; Mr. Douglas, a musician, who has known Bethel for several years; Special Officer Foster, who originally worked up the case against Bethel and arrested him; S. Livingood, who interviewed Bethel in jail after his arrest, and Detective Paul Flammer, who assisted Special Officer Foster in working up evidence in the case.

After hearing the testimony of the witnesses, Justice Austin held both defendants to answer to the Superior Court, fixing their bail at \$1000 each.

## SUICIDE IDENTIFIED.

The Ballona Suicide Proved to be Edward Christman.

Through a letter received by Postmaster Mathews of this city, the identity of the suicide found at Ballona last Saturday has been established. His name was Edward Christman, and had influential and wealthy friends in the East. The letter referred to reads as follows:

"ST. JAMES (Morrow county, O.), March 18, 1899. "Postmaster, Los Angeles, Cal.—Dear Sir: I wish to find the street address of Mr. Edward Christman, Los Angeles, Cal. I sent him a postoffice money order from this office March 8, No. 816. He was identified by a Mr. Mueller. I received a letter from Edward Christman today with postoffice order No. 161-24, Los Angeles, Cal., for \$65, he sending back the money I sent him, and giving himself up to die. Will you kindly see if you can find him through this Mr. Mueller, who identified him on postoffice order No. 816. St. James, O., to Los Angeles, Cal., March 8. I mail letter to Edward Christman this same mail. Please see if it can be delivered. I want to find him badly. He said when I received the letter and read from him he would likely be dead. Yours very truly, "J. M. STIGER, P.M., "St. James, O."

"P.S.—We hope he would get better and still be able to get back home."

The Mueller referred to E. Mueller, who does business at No. 223 West Fourth street. When seen yesterday he said Christman was an acquaintance but not a friend. He had not seen him since about the 10th or 12th of this month, but was confident from the description given of the suicide that it was he.

Postmaster Mathews says the letter spoken of in Stiger's letter as having been sent to Christman remained undelivered at the general delivery.

**Marriage Licenses.** The following licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

Edward Lawton, a native of New York, aged 25 years, and Anna Pike, a native of Massachusetts, aged 21 years; both residents of Los Angeles. Frank W. Dolan, a native of California, aged 23 years, and Mabel Jones, also native of California, aged 18 years, both residents of Los Angeles.

William T. Hamilton, a native of Texas, aged 30 years, a resident of Oakland, and Camille L. Morton, a native of Missouri, aged 26 years, and a resident of Los Angeles.

**BIRTH RECORD.** MONLUX—March 15, 1899, to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Monlux, a son.

**DEATH RECORD.** MONLUX—March 24, 1899, Francis Herbert Monlux, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Monlux.

THOMPSON—In La Crescenta, Cal., March 27, 1899, of pneumonia, Grace C. K. Thompson, wife of Lyman S. Thompson, daughter of Mrs. H. M. Kimball, and sister of Katherine Kimball Forest and Miss H. L. Kimball. Funeral at 3 p.m. Wednesday, March 29, at No. 1029 West Twenty-third street. Friends of the family invited. Interment at Rosedale.

DANFORTH—At Los Angeles, March 27, 1899, Maj. Edward E. Danforth, a native of Warner, N. H., aged 46 years.

Funeral from the undertaking parlors of Orr & Hines, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Friends invited. Interment at Rosedale.

WILLIAMS—At Los Angeles, March 27, 1899, Maj. Edward E. Danforth, a native of Warner, N. H., aged 46 years.

Funeral from the undertaking parlors of Orr & Hines, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Friends invited. Interment at Rosedale.

ALLEN—At Chatsworth, March 28, 1899, Gabriel Allen, a native of New York, aged 30 years.

Funeral from the parlors of Robert L. Garrett & Co., No. 36 North Main street, Thursday, March 30, at 2 p.m. Interment at Rose-dale Cemetery.

**FUNERAL NOTICE.** Southern California Lodge, No. 278, F. & A. M., will convene at Masonic Temple at 1:45 p.m., Wednesday, March 29, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Edward Everett Danforth.

Members and visiting brethren are requested to attend.

By order of W. M. STANLEY RICHMOND, Secretary.

**SUTCH & DEERING, FUNERAL PARLORS.** No. 353 S. Broadway, lady attendant; best service; lowest prices. Tel. M. 665.

**FORBOTHAM & I RAE'S** Go to Brown, the Furnace Man, 123 E. 4th.

PAINS in head, side, muscles, face. Hudyman cures. All druggists, 50 cents. Consult Hudyman Doctors free, 316 South Broadway.

FEEL weak? Use Malt Vitro. Woolacott.

## BISHOPS

The name Bishop on a package is a guarantee of purity, quality and excellence.

## SODA CRACKERS



Charles Stern & Sons, Winery and Distillery, 901-931 MACY ST. Phone Boye 1. City Depot - ELLINGTON DRUG CO., corner Fourth and Spring.

Buy Gloves of a Glove House.

## Gloves FOR Easter...

All the Glove style you can get anywhere. Gloves to match Hats and Gowns. Gloves of the very highest order of elegance and excellence. The latest of the late Paris and New York shades.

## The Unique KID GLOVE HOUSE.

245 South Broadway.



## Prices.

We offer you the best Shoes in the world; we do not ask you to pay more money for them. Their many points of superiority add greatly to their value, but not to the price. The cost to you is the same plus the extra comfort and style. Every pair is guaranteed to be as good in leather and workmanship as the money paid for them can buy.

Ladies' Shoes...\$2.50 to \$7  
Men's Shoes...\$2.00 to \$7  
Boys' Shoes...\$1.50 to \$3  
Full line Infants' and Children's Shoes.

## The W. E. Cummings Foot-Form Shoes

COR. 4th & BROADWAY.

## Wall Paper.

We have a limited number of Ingrain Borders, regular price 15c per yard; now 65c per yard. Gold and Flitter Gold Ceilings, Regular price 25c to 50c per roll. Now 10c to 20c per roll. Call and examine them.

McGrath's, 414 S. Bdw., Van Nuys Hotel Annex.

## OPIUM

Whisky, Tobacco Habits cured 10 days. Permanent, painless, harmless. No pay till cured.

DR. J. S. BROWN, 108 E. 23, E. L. A. Tel. Flora 11. Hours—8 to 10, 12 to 2, 6 to 7:30.

## Easter Gloves

Of Superior Worth.

Superbly beautiful and temptingly priced. Glove dealers know that a pair of kid gloves will deteriorate 10 per cent in value every three months. The skin gradually stiffens and loses its pliability. Our kid glove stock is replenished every 30 or 60 days, and every pair is fresh, soft and pliable. The immense quantity we sell enables us to accomplish this. The assortment of Easter gloves is no exception to our established rule. Many of them we received last week direct from the makers in France. Then, too, by buying direct from the makers we save the wholesale profit. This saving is yours. This year's Easter showing outnumbers, outvalues, and outranks every former showing.



La Mazeno, \$1.50

2-clasp kid gloves in black, white, butter and colors. Lines that have already been somewhat broken, fully warranted and on sale at \$1.50.

The celebrated 2-clasp, Watteau kid gloves have perfect fitting and beautiful soft colorings. In all colors and black. Good \$1.25 quality, warranted and fitted at \$1.00.

2-clasp genuine pigle gloves in black, tan, brown, mode and red, very handsome backs and regular \$1.50 grade, fitted and warranted at \$1.00.

No better dollar gloves on earth than the 2-clasp, La Cigale real kid in black and all colors; fitted and warranted.

A \$1.50 quality of 2-clasp, genuine Mocha gloves in black and colors, warranted and fitted.

2 and 2-clasp La Mazeno, real French kid gloves, in narrow and wide embroidery, black and all colors, new spring shades, equal or better than any \$2.00 gloves in town; exactly like the picture; just received.

2-clasp, pigle, La Mazeno kid gloves, black with the new colored embroidery. They come in black and all colors with wide Scotch embroidery; warranted and fitted.

A \$1.50 quality of 2-clasp, genuine Mocha gloves in black and colors, warranted and fitted.

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2-clasp, pigle, La Mazeno kid gloves, black with the new colored embroidery. They come in black and all colors with wide Scotch embroidery; warranted and fitted.

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## Beautiful and Lasting Easter Shoes.

Our shoe buyer says it is as difficult to fit the eyes of a customer as to fit her feet. He was speaking of particular women who do not only want comfort but artistic outlines. It can be truthfully said of our women's shoes, that none better, and few as good for their respective prices are to be found in Los Angeles. They fulfill every requirement. These few items fully illustrate their reasonableness; you must see them and wear them to ascertain their goodness.

This week we offer \$2.50 shoes for \$2.00; they are made of fine black kid in button and lace; both styles are made with kid back stay and flexible soles; we have all sizes from 3 1/2 to 7; patent leather or kid tips, very newest toes shape	\$2.00
The Ebell hand turned lace shoes made of light, fine soft, Paris kid on the new toe last, with straight kid tips and fast black eyelets, suitable for dress wear	\$3.50
The Ebell inlaid cloth top lace shoes with narrow coin toes, patent leather tips, highly flexible soles; a novelty dress shoe	\$3.50
The Ebell dress boot, made of the finest quality kid with silk vesting tops, button style, patent leather tips, Broadway toes. This shoe equals the finest shoe you ever bought	\$3.50
The Ebell hand turned button shoes with patent leather tips, new coin toes, made of Paris kid, soft, pliable and very dressy	\$3.50
The Ebell, French heel, button shoes, made of the finest quality Paris kid with turn soles, narrow coin toes and kid tips; equal in style and quality to any shoe you ever wore	\$3.50
The Ebell hand turned, cloth top, lace shoes, with patent leather tips, medium round toes, kid lace stay, black eyelets, fancy scroll foxing; a novelty dress shoe	\$3.50
The Ebell all kid lace shoes, with wide coin toe, short diamond kid tip, medium weight, flexible soles, styles and wear combined	\$3.50
A serviceable shoe for everyday wear, made of soft Paris kid with heavy turn soles, patent leather tips and coin toes, lace style, Paris kid does not scuff	\$3.50
The Ebell, Goodyear welt, button shoes, made with extension soles, patent leather tips, new round toes. Money will not buy a more perfect fitting shoe than this	\$3.50
The Ebell, hand-sewed extension sole shoes, made on the Waukenphast last, with low broad heels, kid tips, round toes, highest degree of comfort obtainable	\$3.50
Our patent leather shoes made with a dull, mat kid top, narrow coin toes and opera heels, are the highest degree of fashionableness; priced at	\$5.00
A rich dress shoe is our Black Persian kid, with hand turned toes, kid tips, circular inside and straight outside foxing; fit, style and wear combined; button lace styles	

